Caledonian Mercury

No. 12,063. EDINBURGH, PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN, MONDAY, JANUARY 14. 1799. PRICE SIXPENCE.

Theatre-Royal.

MR KEMBLE does himself the honour of informing the Nobility and the Public, that the THEATRE ROYAL will OPEN on SATURDAY, January 19th, with the highly celebrated Comedy, now acting in London with the greatest success and applause, to crouded and brilliant audiences, called

THE STRANGER.

In respect and gratitude to the Proprietors of the Theatre Royal in Drury Lane, Mr Kemble thinks it only proper to mention, that no other Manager has been favoured by them with the manuscript copy of the Stranger, which the Public may be assured is a most excellent Piece, and very superior, *(for Stage effect at least)* to the printed Play.

The Stranger, - - Mr SIDDONS,
Being his first appearance here these some years.
Baron Steinfort, - - Mr BEW.
Mr Solomon, - - Mr WILDE,
From the Theatre Royal, Windsor, being his first appearance on this Stage.
Francis, - - - Mr BLAND.
Peter, - - - Mr SCRIVEN.
Tobias, - - - Mr COOKE.
[illegible] - - - Mr SMITH,
From the Theatre Royal, Bath, being his first appearance on this Stage.
Countess of Wintersen, - Miss KEMBLE.
Charlotte, - Miss SMITH,
From the Theatre Royal, Bath, being her first appearance on this Stage.
Annette, - Miss F. KEMBLE.
Savoyard, - Mrs BRAMWELL.
Maids, Mrs BEW & Mrs BLAND.
And Mrs Haller, - - Mrs KEMBLE.

The EPILOGUE by Miss FISHER, from the Theatre Royal, Manchester, being her first appearance on this Stage.

In Act IV. a favourite Pastoral Air—Miss F. KEMBLE.
And a Duett, by Miss F. KEMBLE & Mrs BRAMWELL.
Also, THE ORIGINAL PASTORAL DANCE.

To which will be added, a FARCE, called

A TRIP TO SCOTLAND,
OR,
CUPID TURN'D POSTILION.

Cupid, - - Miss FISHER.
Jemmy Twinkle, Mr BEW—Chamberlain, Mr BLAND.
Griskin, - Mr SCRIVEN.
Fillagree, Miss BIGGS——Betty, Mrs BLAND.
Miss Griskin, - Mrs KNIGHT,
From the Theatre Royal, Covent Garden.

The very great expence attending the getting up of "Blue Beard," which is now almost ready for representation, Mr Kemble hopes, will be received by the Edinburgh Audience as a small tribute of gratitude for the kind manner in which he has always been protected in his difficult situation. He thinks he may venture to say that, London excepted, there never was a theatrical spectacle, in point of decorative splendour, brought forward with equal magnificence. The Scenery is entirely by that admirable artist, Mr Naismith, and the Dresses, Elephants, Camels, Horses, Palanquins, &c. &c. by Mr Johnston, the mechanist of Drury Lane Theatre, and are all *exactly* finished as in London.

LOVERS VOWS, LAUGH WHEN YOU CAN, THE JEW AND THE DOCTOR, BLUE DEVIL,——and in short all the New Pieces, will be brought forward in due time.

The following New Performers are engaged:

MR SIDDONS.
MR SMITH—from the Theatre Royal, Bath.
MR POWER—from the Theatre Royal, Liverpool.
MR FISHER—from the Theatre Royal, Manchester.
MR VENABLES—from the Theatre Royal, Bristol.
MR WALPOLE—frem the Theatre Royal, Liverpool.
MR WILD—from the Theatre Royal, Windsor.
MR LEWIS, jun.—from the Theatre Royal, Cov. Garden.
MRS KNIGHT—from the Theatre Royal, Covent Garden.
MRS CLENDENEN—from the Theatre Royal, Ditto.
MISS SMITH—from the Theatre Royal, Bath.

Boxes, 3s.—First Gallery, 2s.—Second Gallery, 1s.

Tickets and Places for the Boxes, &c. to be had at the Box-Office of the Theatre.

FIFE SHIRE.

A GENERAL MEETING of the Trustees in Kirkaldy District for managing the Statute Labour, is to be held at Kirkaldy, on the 5th of February next, being the first Tuesday of the month, for the purpose of naming a Committee to consider the Surveyor's Report of the Conversions of Ploughgates, &c. chargeable for the current year, and for determining any appeals entered against the Surveyor's charge.

WILL. DOUGLAS, Clerk.

Kirkaldy, 9th Jan. 1799.

FOR ST VINCENT,
The Ship PEGGY, WM. TARBERT Master,
FOR GRENADA,
The Ship TURTON, WALT. ROSS, Master.

Both ships are now loading, and will be clear to proceed by the 20th of February, for Cork, or the English Channel, there to join convoy.

For freight or passage, apply to Mess. Alex. M'Lachlan and Co. or the Master at Port Glasgow, or to John Campbell, sen. and Co. Glasgow, Jan. 8. 1799.

FOR NEW YORK,
To sail the 15th of February,
The remarkable fast sailing and well known copper bottomed ship
F A N N Y,
DANIEL H. BRAINE Master,

NOW at Greenock, and will be ready to take on board goods in a few days, mounting 14 carriage guns, with small arms in proportion, and has excellent accommodation for cabin and steerage passengers.

For freight or passage, apply to Robert Allan, Esq. Edinburgh; George Buchanan, youngest, Glasgow; John Buchanan, merchant, Greenock; or to the Master on board.

A PRIZE VESSEL AND HER CARGO FOR SALE.

To be Sold by public auction, at the Office of Ramsay, Williamson and Co. Leith, on Tuesday the 15th January curt. at 12 o'clock noon,
The Fishing Vessel JONGE FREDERICK,
JAN GOMEY, late Commander,
With her Stores and Materials.

ALSO,

The CARGO of said Vessel, consisting of about
200 Barrels SALTED COD FISH, and
18 Barrels Foreign SALT.

Captured by his Majesty's ship Inspector, Charles Lock, Esq. commander, on her passage from Iceland to a market.

Apply to RAMSAY, WILLIAMSON, & CO.

DUTCH GREENLAND SHIPS AND CARGOES,
Condemned in the High Court of Admiralty of England.

There will be Sold by public auction, at the Office of RAMSAY, WILLIAMSON, and Co. Leith, on Thursday the 31st current, at twelve o'clock noon,

THE Dutch Greenland Ships FREDRICK, Simon Hoogerzeyl late Commander, and WAAKZAAMHEID, Michael Hoogerzeyl, late Commander, with their Materials, taken on their passage from Greenland, by his Majesty's ships Apollo, Astrea, and Inspector.

Also, the Cargoes of said Greenland Ships, for home-consumption, free of all duties—viz.

About 341 Casks WHALE BLUBBER,
— 141 Casks KRING—and
— 3 Tons WHALE-BONE Cleaned.

The ships and cargoes may be inspected previous to the day of sale.——Apply to Ramsay, Williamson, and Co.

BLACK BEARD.

Royal Circus,

HEAD OF LEITH WALK, EDINBURGH.

This present Monday, Jan. 14, and every lawful Evening, Will be presented (3d time) a New Divertisement, consisting of Song, Dance, Medley, Chorus, &c.

Or, A RURAL FETE CHAMPETRE.

A Variety of
NEW EQUESTRIAN PERFORMANCES,
By Messrs Sutton, Woodfin, Chippindale, Kelly, Yeaman, Webster, Jeffries, &c.

Clown to the Horsemanship, Mr PORTER,
Who will exhibit a humorous Display of Horsemanship burlesqued, called,

THE TAYLOR TO BRENTFORD.

To conclude with a New Loyal Medley descriptive of
BRITISH UNANIMITY.

After which, 3d time in this kingdom, invented by Mr Cross, with the Original Overture, as performed 86 nights in London, the Popular Grand Spectacle, called

BLACK BEARD: or—THE CAPTIVE PRINCESS.

PIRATES.

Captain Teach, (alias Black-Beard,) Mr Helme; Garrat Gibbons, (his Boatswain,) Mr Davis; Cæsar, (his faithful Black,) Mr D'Egville; Gunner, Mr Pilbrow; Carpenter, Mr Henley; Seamen, Mess. Gibson, Mills, Meyres, &c.; William, Mr Herbert; and Nancy, (disguised as a seaman,) Mrs Herbert.

INHABITANTS OF MADAGASCAR.

Drunken Negro, Mr Williams; Male Slaves, Messrs Jeffries, Porter, Male, &c. Female Ditto, Miss Taylor, Mrs Sutton, Mrs Helme, Mrs D'Egville, the Miss Adams's, &c. Negro Boy, Master Standen; and Orra, (Black Beard's wife) Madame Frederick.

BRITISH,

Lieutenant Maynard (Commander of the Pearl) Mr Sutton; Sailors, Messrs Webster, Yeaman, &c.

PRINCIPAL MAHOMETANS.

Abdallah, Mr Roberts; and Ismena (the Captive Princess) Miss H. Cabanel.

In the course of the Piece the following New Scenes, Songs, Chorusses, &c.

Grand Cabin—"While the jolly Grog," Messrs Helme, Davis, Pilbrow, Henley, &c.

Entrance into Cabin—Ballad, "My Willey was a Sailor Bold," Mrs Herbert.

Between Decks—"Stand to your Guns, our Cannons thunder," Messrs Davis, Pilbrow, Williams, &c.

Entrance into Cabin—Song, "In the good Ship Revenge," Mr Helme.

Roads of Madagascar—Negro Air, "When Sunny Beams," Master Standen.

Duett—"My Friend when a Captive," Mr and Mrs Herbert.

Inside of Black Beard's Hut.

West India View—Duett, Seaman and Drunken Negro,—"In search of a Pirate" Mr Pilbrow and Mr Williams. Romantic Heights with Black Beard's Ship at a distance.

View of the Grand Cabin by Moonlight—Duett "No longer heave the heart-felt Sigh" Mr and Mrs Herbert.

THE POWDER MAGAZINE.

To conclude with a View of the Engagement between Lieutenant Maynard's ship the Pearl, and the Pirate's ship the Revenge, with the striking of the black flag, and plunging Black Beard into the sea.

To which will be added, invented by Mr Cross, an entire New Comic Pantomime, called

ALEXANDRIA; or, HARLEQUIN IN EGYPT.

Tickets to be had at Mr Walker's, (Poole's Hotel,) and of Mrs Adams, at the Box-office, Leith Walk, where places for the Boxes may be taken.

Doors to open at Six o'clock, and to begin precisely at half past Six.

Box, 3s.—Pit, 2s.—Gallery, 1s.

The Grand Spectacle of "BLACK BEARD, or the Captive Princess," having been received with unbounded applause, the Public is respectfully informed it will be repeated every evening this week,

A New COMIC PANTOMIME is in rehearsal, and will be speedily produced.

NURSERY.

P. LAWSON, Nurseryman, and Seed Merchant in Edinburgh, takes the liberty of informing his Friends and the Public, That, in order to their better accommodation in the NURSERY LINE, he has lately assumed JOHN LESLIE as a Partner in that branch of his business, which will in future be carried on under the firm of

LAWSON AND LESLIE,

at the said P. Lawson's late Nursery, head of the Sciennes, where every article in that line may be had of the best quality, and upon the most reasonable terms; and they have, in particular, an EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT of the FOLLOWING ARTICLES, which they can with confidence recommend, viz.

Forrest Trees in all their several variety, both transplanted and seedling,
Fruit Trees for standards, Wall, and Espaliers,
Gooseberry, Currant, and Raspberry } Bushes,
Flowering Shrubs and Evergreens, in great variety,
Perennial and Biennial Flowers,
Asparagus, Artichoke, Cauliflower, and Cabbage } Plants, &c.

The said Company also undertake to lay down GROUNDS in GARDENS or SHRUBBERY, and to make SURVEYS, and furnish Plans and Estimates for that purpose, and engage to repair, renew, or uphold the same by contract. PLANTATIONS of all kinds are also undertaken, either by the Hundred or by the Acre, and, in general, every thing connected with the NURSERY LINE, will be executed in the best and speediest manner.

Orders given in at the Nursery, or at the said P. Lawson's shop in Blair Street, will be punctually attended to.

Edinburgh, 12th January 1799.

ADAMS's SOLVENT,
For the Cure of the Stone and Gravel.

An additional instance of the Efficacy of this Solvent, in curing the Confirmed Stone, and preventing its return.

MRS MILLER, of No. 28, Margaret Street, Cavendish-Square, was so great a sufferer in the Gravel and Stone, that, after trying Soap, Lime-water, Alkalis, and Fixed Air, in vain, she consented to be cut; and Mr Gunning, of St George's Hospital, performed the operation, extracting three stones, one as large as a pullet's egg, the other two of the size and shape of Windsor Beans, in spite of the utmost care in the operation, to prevent, by a judicious use of the scoop, any fragments of stone from remaining in the bladder, a new concretion formed a few months afterwards, and Mrs Miller was as much tormented as ever. She could not walk without great pain, nor rest easy five minutes in a place. These, with other alarming symptoms, had brought her to reflect on the operation a second time, when at that critical moment the Solvent was recommended to her. She had not taken it three months ere she found relief, and in ten more was so completely cured, by evacuating the stone in pieces and in powder, that, although it is more than six years since, she has had no return whatever of the disorder.

To prevent counterfeits, the proprietor has resumed the sale, from whom it may be had, at No. 3, Lincoln's Inn Fields, near Great Turnstile, in bottles of 5s. 6d. 10s. 6d. and One Guinea, exclusive of stamps.

For the medical and other testimonies of the safety and efficacy of this Solvent, see the Eighth Edition of Perry's Disquisition of the Stone and Gravel.

The Solvent is also Sold by
J. BAXTER, Italian Warehouse, South Bridge, Edinburgh,
AND
Mr LESLIE, Aberdeen.

To be SOLD by public roup, in John's Coffeehouse, upon Friday the 25th January current, betwixt the hours of two and three afternoon,

THAT COMMODIOUS HOUSE, No. 6, in the Society, belonging to Mr Russell, lately possessed by himself, and at present by Mrs Robertson, consisting of ten rooms, four light closets, garrets, kitchen, cellars, with a water-pipe and various other conveniencies.

For particulars, apply to Mr Balfour, writer to the signet, George's Square.

NEW ASSEMBLY ROOMS, GEORGE STREET.

FRIDAY the 18th inst. being appointed to solemnize HER MAJESTY'S BIRTH DAY, there will be an ASSEMBLY, to commence at eight o'clock.—Tickets 5s.

N. B.—The first Dancing subscription Assembly will be held on Thursday the 24th curt.

Tickets to Non-Subscribers, 5s. each.

STOCK AND TRADE.

THE STOCK and TRADE of an Established Shop (chiefly in the Cloth Line) in an eligible situation in Edinburgh, to be DISPOSED OF immediately, upon advantageous terms to a purchaser.

Apply to Mr H. Davidson, W. S, No. 11. South Hanover Street.

PATENT BLEACHING & CLEARING LIQUOR,
FOR THE USE OF FAMILIES.

THE Proprietors of the Patent for preparing Bleaching Liquor, without ashes or alkaline salts, have lately, besides an extensive and rapidly-encreasing use of their invention among Bleachers, introduced this Liquor into Private Families, for the purpose of restoring and preserving the Whiteness of Cotton and Linen Fabrics, in daily use.

Experience has already, with those who have tried it, fully established the character of this Liquor; nor do the Proprietors imagine that any thing more than a fair trial of its power is wanting to render its use almost universal.

LINEN and COTTON FABRICS, used for dress or other purposes, are always losing their original whiteness, and must, in order to regain it, be frequently exposed to bleach in the open air. The difficulty of obtaining this mode of bleaching, in great towns, at all seasons, and the impossibility of using it, even in the country in winter, render the PATENT BLEACHING LIQUOR a highly valuable discovery. A single immersion for a few hours in this liquor, mixed with a proper quantity of water, restores Linen and Cottons of every kind to their Original Whiteness, and without the least injury to the fabric of the goods. When *Fixed* Dyed Colours form any part of the fabric, they are not only preserved but rendered brighter by the operation. Fine Muslins and Laces, so liable to be injured in the common process of washing, and bleaching by exposure, are by the use of this liquor restored to their original elegance and beauty, without risk or injury.

The Proprietors having appointed Mr JOHN CROMBIE, Merchant Street, their Wholesale Agent for Edinburgh and neighbouring counties, they beg leave to inform Bleachers, Paper Makers, and other Manufacturers, that they will be supplied by him on the same terms as at the work at Glasgow.—It is also sold by him in retail, and by Mr MONCRIEFF, at his shops, No. 17, North Bridge Street, and No. 33, Prince's Street, and by Mr MONRO, 3d flair above the Tron Church, south side of the High Street.

Price 9d. per quart bottle, with directions for using it.

HOUSE IN EAST LOTHIAN.

To be LET FURNISHED, and entered to immediately, or at Whitsunday,

THE MANSION-HOUSE of HUNTINGTON, with Offices, Garden, and Pigeon-house.

It is situated within two miles of Haddington, and 15 from Edinburgh. The tenant may be accommodated with 75 acres of land, or as much less as he pleases.

For further particulars apply to Mr Tod, upholsterer, High Street, Edinburgh.

Also, A Good COACH, London-made, to be Sold on moderate terms.—To be seen by applying as above.

TO BE LET UPON LEASE,
And entered to at Whitsunday next,

THAT well-frequented INN, the BEEHIVE, in the Grass-market, formerly possessed by John Campbell (the Red Lion) 25 years, and for sometime by Thomas Menelaws.

The house is large and commodious, and with many other conveniencies, has the advantage of a large Warehouse for Carriers goods, of very easy access.

The stables are also excellent, and will contain a number of horses.

A large Loft adjoining is also to be let, the size one hundred by twenty-one feet.

Apply to Mrs Spottiswood, Grassmarket.

HOUSES TO BE SOLD.

To be SOLD by Private Bargain,

THE FOURTH STOREY and the ATTIC STOREY of the Corner House of DRUMMOND STREET. The fourth storey consists of six rooms and a kitchen, besides five closets; the attic storey consists of seven rooms and closets.—They are well adapted for one large family, and, at same time, are well suited for two separate families. They have an extensive view of sea and land, at least twenty miles in Fife.—They may be entered to immediately.

ALSO TO BE SOLD,

The SECOND FLAT, and all above it, in that Land adjoining, not yet finished.

Apply to Simon Fraser, the proprietor.

HOUSE IN ST ANDREWS.

To be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 20th February 1799, between the hours of one and two afternoon, and entered to at Whitsunday next,

ALL and Whole that Large and Convenient HOUSE, GARDEN, and OFFICES, lying in the Market Street of Saint Andrews, which belonged to the late Dr George Forrest, and presently possessed by George Dempster, Esq. of Dunnichen.—The house consists of a large dining-room, drawing-room, eight bed rooms, kitchen, besides light closets, garrets, and other conveniencies. There is a small Court in front; and the garden, together with a coach-house, two stables, and a court of offices, are all adjoining.—Upset price of the whole subjects 250l.

Persons desirous of concluding a private bargain may, in the mean time, apply to Alexander Maitland, Esq. of Gimmers-Mills, by Haddington, the proprietor.

N. B.—The FURNITURE in the House will be SOLD by public SALE at St Andrews in the beginning of May; and the house, if not sold, will be let, to be entered as above.

TO BE SOLD,

A HOUSE on the north-east corner of South St Andrews Street, New Town, consisting of two Upper Storeys and Garrets, and containing ten fire rooms, with kitchen, store room, closets, lumber garrets, &c. Also a wine and a coal cellar under the pavement, in front of the house; and an area behind, with a stable and hay loft, wine and ale cellars, water pipe, and other conveniencies. The outer stair belongs to the house exclusively, and the feu duty and public burdens are very moderate.

The stable might be converted into a shop, which in that situation would be very valuable.

For further particulars enquire at the House, which may be seen every lawful day from 12 to 3.

Not to be repeated.

STIRLINGSHIRE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 6th day of March 1799, betwixt the hours of one and two afternoon,

THE MANSION HOUSE of GLENFUIR, now called SOMERFORD, with the adjacent INCLOSURES, containing about 75 acres, situated within a mile of the town of Falkirk, upon the banks of the Great Canal.

The house is commodious and substantial, and contains, on the First Floor, dining-room, and drawing-room, each 25 by 17, a bed-room, dressing-room, hall, and kitchen; on the Second Floor, six bed-rooms; and on the Third Floor, four rooms. There is also a complete Court of Offices, and a Garden well stocked with fruit trees.

This as a country residence has many advantages, such as being near coal, church, markets, water-carriage, post-office, stage-coaches, fox hounds, in a beautiful healthy populous country.

The plan, with the title-deeds, may be seen by applying to Mr Ferrier, W. S. Edinburgh, who will give any further information wanted.

FOR THE QUEEN's BIRTH DAY.

The LADIES are respectfully informed, That

JOHN WHITE, No. 6. South Bridge, has this day received from London by the Mail, a beautiful Collection of
ENTIRE NEW ARTICLES, viz.
Pearl Bandeaus, Feathers, Sprigs, Pins, &c.
Ditto Necklaces, Ear-rings, and Bracelets,
Diamond Lockets, Crosses, and Rings.
Ditto Pearl, and Plain Picture Settings.
Topaz, Aqua Marine, and Gold Necklaces & Ear-rings.
Gentlemen's Dress Buckles.

J. W. also received a very great addition to his Stock of Silver Plate, and Plated Articles, a few days ago.

E. CRICHTON,
No. 20. SOUTH BRIDGE STREET,

BEGS leave most respectfully to inform her Friends and the Public, That she is returned from London, where, with the utmost attention, she collected a great variety of the most Fashionable and Beautiful HEAD-DRESSES, from the very first Milliners.

Also, some very handsome CLOAKS, of the newest patterns.

A very excellent Assortment of MODES, LACES, and VEILS.
A choice Collection of elegant GOLD, SILVER, FUR, and other TRIMMINGS, of various kinds.
Great variety of beautiful FLOWERS and FEATHERS.
She has likewise one to hand,
A variety of HABERDASHERY GOODS, amongst which are excellent Flannels, Dimitties, and Mancoes; Silk and Cotton Stockings; Silk and Leather Gloves, &c. &c.
A choice Collection of INDIA MUSLINS.
Black and White ITALIAN MUSLINS, of the newest and most elegant fabrics.

LINENS, WOOLLENS, & OTHER ARTICLES OF
SCOTISH MANUFACTURE,

WHICH have lately been presented in Competition for the Premiums, advertised to be given by the Honourable the Board of Trustees, will, as usual, be Sold for behoof of the respective Manufacturers, at the house of GEORGE THOMSON, Principal Clerk to the Trustees, No. 26, High Terrace, Edinburgh.

The sale will proceed on Tuesday next, the 15th instant, at 11 o'clock forenoon, and be closed on Saturday the 19th, after which the Manufacturers are particularly desired to send, without delay, for any goods that may remain unsold; and upon application to Mr Thomson, they will receive the price of the goods sold.

S. WORDSWORTH

Begs to inform his Friends and the Public,

THAT his next Sale of Horses will be on Wednesday first the 16th instant, to begin at half-past-twelve o'clock noon, when a number of Horses of all descriptions will be exposed, viz. APOLLO, the only son of the famous Eclipse (if not sold by private bargain he will be sold by auction)—He is to be seen at Wordsworth's Livery Stables; and the groom that attends him has power to sell him. He is warranted sound, and free from vice.——Apollo is now rising twelve years old, a bright chesnut, upwards of 15 hands 3 inches high, with a deal of bone and power, likely to get capital racers or hunters, and has covered at ten guineas a mare.

He was bred by Sir John Webb, Bart. and got by Eclipse, his dam by Matchem, which mare was bred by the late Mr Pratt, her dam by Tarquin (a well-bred son of the Godolphin Arabian, dam by Scarborough, colt) great grand-dam, own sister to Antelope, by young Belgrade, and also to the grand-dam of Ulysses, Baloon, &c. &c. a daughter of Bartlets Childers, a daughter of Devonshire's Turk, a daughter of Curwen's Bay Barb, &c.

In the Racing Kalendar of 1793, a particular account of the pedigree of the above famous stallion may be seen. Yearlings of his have been purchased from the present owner, at Forty Guineas.—And many others too tedious to mention.

TRAVELLERS ACCOMODATED WITH SAFETY, EASE, AND EXPEDITION,
BY THE
ROYAL TELEGRAPH LIGHT POST COACH, with Four Horses, Lamps, and Guard the whole way.

WILLIAM LOFTUS & CO. Proprietors of the Royal Telegraph beg leave, in the most humble manner, to return their thanks to the Public for the very liberal encouragement they have experienced since the above Coach commenced running betwixt Edinburgh and London, and beg leave to inform them, that by the advice of their Friends, they have extended the concern to GLASGOW.

As the Proprietors of the Royal Telegraph have (for the sake of public advantage,) been the first to introduce a four horse Coach upon the Glasgow road, which for care and expedition, they hope to give universal satisfaction, they therefore beg leave to solicit the countenance of a generous Public, in case any attempt is made to oppose them, being satisfied that, unless they had stept forward, the Public would still have been deprived of a conveyance of this nature.

The above Coach commenced running to Glasgow this day, and will continue to set off every morning at seven o'clock, from Mr Wordsworth's Caledonian Tavern and Coffeehouse, Leith Terrace, and arrives at Mr Gardner's, Buck's Head, Glasgow, in six hours, from whence it sets out at four afternoon, and returns to Mr Wordsworth's, Edinburgh, at ten o'clock same night, where the best beds and accommodation may be depended on.

THE ROYAL TELEGRAPH

Will in future set out every morning at six o'clock for London, from Mr Wordsworth's (in place of Mr Cameron's,) where Tickets will be had as above.

Fare from Edinburgh to Glasgow	Inside	L.	0 15 0
Do. Do.	Outside		0 8 6
From Edinburgh to Newcastle	Inside		2 0 0
Do. to Do.	Outside		1 1 0
Do. to London	Inside		6 14 6
Do. to Do.	Outside		5 10 0

The above Coach goes by Leith, Haddington, Dunbar, Press, Berwick, Belford, Alnwick, Felton, Morpeth, and arrives at Mr Loftus's Shakespeare Tavern, Newcastle, in 18 *hours*, where passengers may depend upon every attention being paid them. sets out next morning at six o'clock, by way of Durham, Darlington, Catterick, Rippon, Harrowgate, Leeds, Wakefield, Sheffield, Chesterfield, Mansfield, Nottingham, Loughborough, Leicester, Northampton, &c. and arrives at Mr Wallen's, Bull and Mouth Street, London, in 47 hours;—but if passengers should find themselves fatigued, they may rest all night at Leeds, and be forwarded in the True Briton next morning, which arrives in London the following afternoon.

The fare in this case will be only.

Inside L. 6 4 0 Outside L. 3 6 0

The Telegraph branches at Leeds to Huddersfield, Mariden, Oldham, Manchester, Warrington, and Liverpool, also meets at Sheffield the Buxton, Derby, Burton, Litchfield, Birmingham, Coventry, Worcester, Warwick, Kidderminster, Wolverhampton, Gloucestor, Oxford, Bristol, Bath, Exeter, and Plymouth Coaches, and Coaches to all parts of the West of England.

The Proprietors flatter themselves, that the advantages attending this Coach will be obvious to every one, not only from its going through all the principal manufacturing towns in England with the greatest expedition, but also at a much cheaper rate than any other coach in the kingdom. The utmost attention will be paid to the accommodation of the Passengers; the Proprietors therefore hope their endeavours will ensure them that encouragement which they will always studiously endeavour to deserve.

*** The Proprietors cannot be accountable for any Parcel or Luggage of more than Five Pounds value, if lost or damaged, unless entered as such, and paid for accordingly.

The above Coach is particularly adapted for carrying Parcels; and for small Parcels of great value, there is a commodious place under the Guard's seat appropriated for that purpose.

BILL FOR A TAX UPON INCOME.

According to the alterations made in this bill, perſons having an income of 60l. a-year, and under 400l. are to have an abatement of 5 per cent. for each child born in lawful wedlock, whatever be the age. It was formerly wrong ſtated at only 3 per cent. abatement.

There is a new clauſe that any indictment or information for perjury, ſhall be tried in the county where the affidavit ſhall be exhibited to the Commiſſioners.

No return is now to be made by any perſon reſiding in any tenement exempted from the rates to church and poor.

The income of a married woman living with her huſband ſhall be ſtated and accounted for by him; provided that the Commiſſioners ſhall be at liberty to ſummon the wife, and examine her touching her ſeparate property.

It is now enacted, "that no reward ſhall be given to any ſurveyor or inſpector employed in the execution of this act, for his ſervice under the ſame, unleſs the Commiſſioners ſhall grant him a certificate of his good conduct, nor to any greater amount than the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall repreſent him entitled to."

In the clauſes granting power to the ſurveyors or inſpectors to ſuggeſt reaſons againſt any perſon's return, the following is now made the proviſions for the Commiſſioners:

"That unleſs all the Commiſſioners except one, where leſs than five ſhall be preſent; or all except two, where five ſhall be preſent, ſhall adjudge that there is juſt cauſe to allow the application of any ſurveyor or inſpector to reviſe any ſtatement as aforeſaid, it ſhall be lawful for the ſaid Commiſſioners, and they are hereby required in every ſuch caſe to diſallow the ſame, and thereupon to compute and aſcertain, or cauſe to be computed or aſcertained, the amount of the rates and duties which by this act ought to be impoſed upon ſuch perſon giving in ſuch ſtatement, and to make an aſſeſſment upon ſuch perſon accordingly, ſubject to ſuch appeal from the determination of the ſaid Commiſſioners, by ſuch ſurveyor or inſpector, as herein after is mentioned:"

It is now allowed, that if upon the determination of appeals, it ſhall appear that the payments already made ſhould be repaid, as being more than the full ſum which the party ought to pay within the year, then a certificate to be granted, which the Receiver General for the county ſhall be bound to pay.

It is provided that in any caſe where the party aſſeſſed ſhall have verified the particulars contained in his or her ſchedule of income upon oath; and where the ſurveyor or inſpector ſhall nevertheleſs apprehend the determination made by the Commiſſioners to be contrary to the true intent and meaning of this act, or that they have diſallowed any ſurcharge, or allowed any deduction contrary to the ſame, and ſhall then declare himſelf diſſatisfied with ſuch determination, it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch ſurveyor or inſpector to require the ſaid Commiſſioners to ſtate ſpecially and ſign the caſe upon which the queſtion aroſe, together with their determination thereupon, which caſe they are hereby required to ſign, and to cauſe the ſame to be by him tranſmitted to the Commiſſioners of Appeal, who are hereby required to return an anſwer to the caſe, with their opinion thereupon ſubſcribed thereto; according to which opinion ſo certified, the aſſeſſment ſhall be allowed or confirmed.

Commiſſioners of Appeal may poſtpone from time to time hearing of caſes, if the perſons are out of the kingdom, or prevented from attending by ſickneſs; or they may admit other proof; and they ſhall ſtay the levying until the determination of the appeal.

It is further enacted, That if the Commiſſioners ſhall diſallow the application of any ſurveyor or inſpector, to proceed upon any ſurcharge, or upon any repreſentation or certificate of any erroneous aſſeſſment, it ſhall be lawful for ſuch ſurveyor or inſpector to appeal againſt the deciſion of ſuch Commiſſioners to the Commiſſioners of Appeal, and to require their judgment, whether there is ſufficient reaſon to proceed upon ſuch ſurcharge or repreſentation; and in caſe the ſaid Commiſſioners of Appeal ſhall certify that there is ſufficient reaſon to proceed, then the caſe to be referred back to the Commiſſioners who originally decided thereon, who ſhall proceed upon the application of ſuch ſurveyor or inſpector in the ſame manner as if they had originally acted upon ſuch application.

Income ariſing from any profeſſion, office, penſion, ſtipend, employment, trade, or vacation, to be eſtimated from the laſt year, or from the three laſt years, at the option of the perſon. Where income ſhall be eſtimated upon an average of years, ſuch perſon or perſons ſhall not be entitled to any abatement or allowance in the current, or any ſubſequent year, by reaſon of any variation in the amount of the income ſo ariſing, nor for any ſpecific cauſe other than in ſuch caſes when ſuch perſon or perſons ſhall ceaſe to be poſſeſſed of the property, office, penſion, or ſtipend, or ſhall ceaſe to be engaged in the profeſſion, trade, or employment, from which ſuch income, or part of ſuch income, ſhall have been derived.

In caſe of partnerſhips, the charge to be made upon the firm, not to interfere with, or bar a charge upon each parties ſeparately, if poſſeſſed of diſtinct income.—And in caſe of the death of either, or of diſſolution of partnerſhip, or of the acceſſion of a new partner, then the aſſeſſment to be computed on the reſpective periods, notwithſtanding ſuch change or ſucceſſion; unleſs they ſhall prove that the income will fall ſhort by any ſpecific cauſe, ſince ſuch change, or by reaſon thereof.

In all caſes where the title to any income ſhall be uncertain, by any contingency, or by diſpute; then ſuch income ſhall be chargeable ſeparately according to the amount thereof, and the perſon in the receipt to pay—and any Court of Equity ſhall direct the payment of ſums in truſt, &c.

Bodies politic or corporate, companies, fraternities, or ſocieties, entitled to annual income, other and beſides that applicable to charitable purpoſes, ſhall be chargeable with the like rates as any other annual income. There are alſo various new regulations with regard to corporate income.

There is a new clauſe ſpecially to provide againſt all the frauds which may have been or which may be practiſed to evade this act by pretended tranſfers. Perſons changing their place of reſidence, or converting their property or any part thereof, or by fraudulently releaſing, aſſigning, or conveying the ſame, or by making any ſuch ſchedule which ſhall be falſe; or who, having property yielding an income, ſhall fraudulently convert the ſame ſo as to render it temporarily unproductive; or, by any falſehood, fraud, covin, art, or contrivance already practiſed, or which may be practiſed; then all ſuch perſons, upon proof before two Commiſſioners, ſhall be charged double the amount of the charge which ought to have been made upon ſuch perſons, and if any leſs charge has been made on ſuch perſons, then a ſurcharge ſhall be made of double the amount of the difference.

A new charge may be made on perſons who have not been examined upon oath, within ſix months, upon information that they were not fully aſſeſſed.

In the inſtance of lands demiſed at rack rent for a term, more than ſeven years prior to the year of computation, then the Commiſſioners are not to be guided by the rules contained in the ſchedule, but ſhall cauſe an aſſeſſment to be made on the gains within the year, or on the average of three years; if in Scotland, the Commiſſioners may call in two or more occupiers of lands in the ſame neighbourhood to aſſiſt them.

Perſons may pay ſums voluntarily into the Bank of England, the certificates of which ſhall be allowed in payment or in part payment of this tax; but no diſcount to be allowed on ſuch ſums.

Perſons engaged in trade, or the Governors of the Bank, or other trading companies, if deſirous of being aſſeſſed by the Commercial Commiſſioners, may ſignify in writing their deſire to this purpoſe to the aſſeſſors, &c.

Then follow the proviſions with reſpect to the Commercial Commiſſioners. There are various minute alterations. Income ariſing from property in the Britiſh plantations of America, may be ſtated, proved and aſſeſſed before the Commercial Commiſſioners. For London, Weſtminſter, and their vicinity, ten miles round, there are to be 24 Commercial Commiſſioners, and 24 Aſſiſtants; and for all the other great trading towns directions are given for the nomination and conduct.—The qualification to be the ſame as for a County Commiſſioner. The directions for theſe Commiſſioners are at great length.

And the bill concludes with proviſions for the receipt of the produce of the tax at the Exchequer, for its application to the purpoſe of annuities equal to the amount of all the annuities that may be created by loans: And that appeals once heard and determined ſhall be final, except when the party ſhall prove that his or her income fell ſhort after the appeal was determined, in which caſe they ſhall grant relief.

Penalties under 20l. to be levied by any Juſtice of the Peace, who ſhall have the power to commit for ſix, and not leſs than three months, in caſe the penalty is not paid; but an appeal is allowed to the Quarter Seſſions.

And it is enacted that this act may be altered, varied or repealed in this preſent ſeſſion of Parliament.

London

JANUARY 11.

Wedneſday at the Levee, the preſentations were General Tarleton, on his late marriage, and Captain Tarleton, on being appointed Aid-du-Camp, both by Lord Gwydir.

Yeſterday official accounts were received from Capt. Jenkins, of the Ambuſcade frigate, who has written a letter to Lord Bridport, containing advice of the capture of his ſhip by the French ſhip Bayonnaiſe, mounting 32 guns of different calibres. She was taken after a long and very ſevere action, in which ten were killed and 37 wounded. Among the former were the firſt Lieutenant and Maſter; and Capt. Jenkins is himſelf dangerouſly wounded, and ſo is the Lieutenant of marines. The Ambuſcade is carried into Rochfort. The Ambuſcade carried 32 guns, and was built in 1773.

FRENCH REPUBLIC.

LETTERS INTERCEPTED BY THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT.

Prince PIGNATELLI to the Chevalier PRIOCA, his Sardinian Majeſty's Miniſter.

Naples, October 2.

"Providence is at laſt wearied with favouring crimes; and the cauſe of Kings ſhall no longer be blighted by the rude hand of capricious fortune. The battle of Aboukir is the ſignal which ought to awaken the energy of Europe, and the Engliſh nation enjoys a glory to which ſome other powers might have aſpired had not particular intereſts prevailed over the general intereſt of Europe; but we may now aſſert, that Sir Horatio Nelſon has diſſipated that charm which ſeemed to have ſubjugated every country; even while I write this letter, I fancy I hear a pleaſant murmur circulating over every point of Europe, and announcing to its ſeveral States, that with prudence and courage they may each contribute to the downfall of that regicide Government, which is the ſcourge of Kings, and the oppreſſor of nations.

"I ſhall repeat to you what Sir Horatio Nelſon ſaid to the King, my maſter, when his Majeſty deſigned to go on board the Engliſh Admiral:—"Sire, a Revolutionary Government is a torrent ſwelled with audacity and crimes, but when a dyke is oppoſed to its inundations, its ſtagnant waters dry up in the immenſe meadows which it had overflowed; it ſoon retires to its ancient bed, and is then no more than the feeble ſtream it appeared at firſt."—Yes! you may be aſſured that the French nation has finiſhed its chivalric career, and that the brilliant deſtruction of its marine muſt neceſſarily produce the decay of its continental power. The Engliſh have ſet an example which all Governments ought to follow; they have ſtruck the clay feet of the coloſſus, and it is ſhaken.

"You may aſſure his Sardinian Majeſty that the moſt agreeable news has juſt reached us from Berlin? I cannot, however, inform you, that this Court accedes to the coalition: French influence ſtill reigns there, and the indeciſion of the Cabinet of Berlin appears to communicate itſelf to that of Vienna; but great events will perhaps determine the conduct of theſe two Powers, and thoſe deciſive events are preparing by the vaſt genius of Prince Repnin. I need not obſerve to you, that behind Prince Repnin we may perceive the powerful Empire of Ruſſia, the Ottoman Porte, and all the ſtrength of Great Britain.

"The Ruſſian Ambaſſador has written to the Chevalier Acton, that he has made no impreſſion on the mind of Frederick, and that he even renounces the project of detaching the Court of Vienna from its ſyſtem of timid temporization; but that if Naples declares herſelf, and that if you in Piedmont continue to dig, in the ſilence of a prudent circumſpection, the grave of the French, he will then anſwer for a great revolution in the ſyſtem of Europe, and that when once the campaign commences, it will not terminate without producing ſome very unexpected changes.

"Upon the receipt of theſe diſpatches a council was held in the Queen's library. The Chevalier Acton, with that logical eloquence which even his ſecret enemies admire, developed all the circumſtances which ſeem to aſſure ſucceſs to the coalition. He demonſtrated the value of the triple alliance of the North, in protecting us by a maſs of power which might enable us to hazard offenſive operations with the moſt perfect ſecurity. Fire but one gun, ſaid he frequently, and the Congreſs at Raſtadt is inſtantly diſſolved; the Imperial and German armies are in motion. If Pruſſia remain neuter, at leaſt, let her pay dearly for her neutrality with France. The military poſition of the Republicans in Lombardy, the Eccleſiaſtical States, and Piedmont, this Miniſter likewiſe obſerved, were ſuch as to induce him to rely with the greateſt confidence on the ſucceſs of the campaign.

"I am convinced that I ſhall fulfil the intentions of the King my maſter in aſſuring you, that the deliverance of Italy depends at this moment upon the intereſt which his Sardinian Majeſty may be inclined to take in the cauſe of his friends. Our country may once more become the grave of the Frenee nation, if the Piedmonteſe, ſtill brave even under the weight of the fetters with which that regicide people has loaded them, conſpire, in the ſilence of their ſervitude, the death of their tyrants.

"We know here, that the members of his Sardinian Majeſty's Council, who are circumſpect even to timidity, revolt with horror at the idea of perjury and aſſaſſination, as if the treaty of alliance which binds his Majeſty to the French Government, was a political tie which ought to be reſpected. Was not that treaty dictated by the oppreſſive power of the conqueror? In concluding it, did you not yield to the hard neceſſity of the moſt unfortunate circumſtances? Such treaties are injuries which ought to be avenged with the firſt favourable opportunity that preſents itſelf. What! while your King is a priſoner in his capital, and ſurrounded with bayonets, can the partial maſſacre of the ſoldiers of your tyrants be called aſſaſſination? Have the weak, then, no legitimate reſource againſt oppreſſion? Becauſe the enemy have bound you in the chains of a diſgraceful peace, is it a crime to break them? According to the maxim of the republicans, the only fraternal kiſs which a tyrant ſhould receive from us, ought to be a mortal blow directed againſt his boſom; and to ſpeak in the French manner, Brutus ſtabbed Cæſar while he embraced him and called him his ſon.

"Thus then, his Sardinian Majeſty, though unarmed, without fortreſſes, and ſurrounded with Republican battalions, may ſtill aſpire to the glory of delivering Italy.

"The French troops are diſperſed over Piedmont under the faith of treaties. All that is wanting then is, to rouſe the patriotiſm of the Piedmonteſe to ſentiments of the moſt exalted enthuſiaſm, and that each man ſhould aſpire to the honour of extending one of the enemies of his country at his feet. Theſe partial maſſacres will be more deciſive for Piedmont than a pitched battle; and never will a juſt poſterity ſtigmatize with the name of aſſaſſination the energetic acts of a whole people marching over the dead bodies of their oppreſſors to the recovery of their liberty. I hope that you will make the value of theſe conſiderations be felt in the councils of his Sardinian Majeſty, and that they will not be oppoſed in a court which has been ſo cruelly rendered the victim of the Republicans, and which the coaleſced powers take under their ſpecial protection.

"Believe me to be with ſentiments, &c."

Letter from the ſame to the ſame.
(This Letter is joined to the preceding.)

Naples, October 4, 1798.

"I had finiſhed my letter when the arrival from Berlin of Monſieur the Baron D'Awerveck, the ſecret agent of his ——— Majeſty, induced me to delay the departure of the courier, in order to inform you of ſome circumſtances very highly intereſting.

"The Baron D'Awerveck, one of the moſt active diplomatic agents on the Continent, and who ſeems to multiply himſelf, that he may be preſent wherever he can ſerve that cauſe which is to unite all the princes of Europe againſt France, after having been at the Carlsruhe, as you know, for the purpoſe of holding a converſation with Count Metternich, went off to Berlin, there to concert with Prince Repnin the means of reattaching to the coalition all the powers who are intereſted. He is now arrived here; and after the conference which I have had with him, I cannot but repeat how highly important are the obſervations which I have taken the liberty of tranſmitting to you.

"The Baron is to write to Monſieur N—— (the emigrant Governor of Turin, whoſe name I have forgotten) deſiring him at the ſame time to communicate the letter to you. You will ſee, Count, that fortune muſt ceaſe to rebel againſt us, if we have only the courage to force her. The genius of the Prince Repnin, ſeconding the vaſt conceptions of the Cabinet of St James's, is preparing to convert into mournful cypreſs thoſe laurels, with which the Republicans have covered Italy.

"Our brave Neapolitans, commanded by General Mack, will firſt ſound the tocſin of deſtruction againſt the common enemy; and from the ſummit of the capitol we will announce to Italy—we will announce to Europe, that the hour of awakening is arrived. Then, unfortunate Piedmonteſe, it is for you to break thoſe chains which you are conſtrained to wear, for the purpoſe of ſtriking with them your oppreſſors.

"The Ligurian and Ciſalpine Republics, which now appear as political ramparts erected by France for her defence, and for the ſubjugation of Italy, are about to be converted into a vulcano, which will ſwallow their protectors. The demagogue furies already rage in the boſom of thoſe Republics, their minds are exaſperated, and the military force has become the ſupport of a turbulent faction. Their political ſtate every day wears a new form. The French General has of his own private authority deſtroyed the work of his Government, by annulling its appointments, and replacing thoſe whom it had diſmiſſed. You muſt ſee, Count, of how much uſe this confuſion is to us, and how neceſſary it is that we ſhould ſeize on this happy occaſion, to offer ourſelves as the avengers of all the diſcontented, who, by ſo many arbitrary acts, muſt have very greatly multiplied. I take the liberty, therefore, of recommending to your particular attention the letter which you communicated to M—— (the emigrant whoſe name I have forgotten.)

"I am with the higheſt conſideration, &c. &c.

Baron D'AWERVECH * to M——, Governor of Turin.

"Naples, Oct. 6, 1798.

"I arrived here two days ago from Berlin. Prince Pegnatelli has informed Count Prioca of the happy reſult of the negociation. In ſpite of the obſtinate neutrality of the King of Pruſſia, and the timid ſteps of the Cabinet of Vienna, Prince Repnin will be able, by powerful alliances, to ſupport all the Princes who ſhall be diſpoſed to deliver Europe from French influence; and the Britiſh Government uniting its efforts to thoſe of Ruſſia, will have the glory of giving peace to the Continent, ſince certain powers, detaching themſelves by private treaties, appear to behold with an incredible apathy the ſubjugation of the reſt of Europe.

They will, perhaps, hereafter reproach England for its alliance with the ancient enemy of all Chriſtian Princes, and her allowing the interpoſition of Ruſſia in the affairs of the Continent; but the extraordinary circumſtances which have taken place compel her to a bold developement of her political ſyſtem.

"France is become a coloſſus which deſtroys the proper balance; it is therefore neceſſary to create a powerful counterpoiſe. It muſt be confeſſed, Sir, that no power at preſent aſſumes ſo grand a character as that which Great Britain this moment diſplays; her glory would neceſſarily be reflected upon all thoſe ſtates which ſhall be diſpoſed not to partake her dangers, but to aſſociate themſelves with her triumphs: Piedmont, above all, ſhould intereſt itſelf in her cauſe, ſince England guarantees to it the reſumption of its plan among the Continental powers, if joining prudent circumſpection to courage the moſt determined, it oppoſes to the French legions, which inundate that country, thoſe partial attacks to which the people, even the moſt patient, feel themſelves excited by a ſentiment of national pride, when raiſed to fanaticiſm.

"The Ambaſſador from the Court of London to Berlin, has juſt concerted with Prince Repnin, a meaſure the moſt bold that modern diplomacy could ſuggeſt in the preſent circumſtances, to put an end by force, as it were, to the indeciſion of Auſtria. They will cauſe hoſtilities immediately to be commenced by the Court of Naples: a treaty of alliance offenſive and defenſive, concluded between theſe two powers, will authoriſe his Sicilian Majeſty again to call to its aid the Auſtrian Contingent; then all Europe will be put in motion upon the ſhores of the Boſphorus, as upon thoſe of the Danube; upon the banks of the Neiper, as upon thoſe of the Rhine; in order to precipitate themſelves *en maſſe* upon that nation of uſurpers; and it is then that the Thames, with a juſt pride, mixing itſelf with the waves of the ocean, ſhall carry to all the European ſhores the triumphant laurel entwined by the olive of peace.

"Perhaps at the very inſtant you ſhall receive my letter, hoſtilities will have commenced, and the Neapolitan ſtandard, conducted to victory by the celebrated Mack, will float upon the ſummit of the capital.

"We propoſe war with the more ſecurity, ſince the enemy is obſtinately inclined to peace. He even ſupplicates it as the greateſt favour. The Directory no longer haughty, ſeems to break his iron forehead on the ſteps of all the thrones in Europe, in order to delude us with reſpect to the gigantic aggrandizement of France, and the poverty of its domeſtic reſources.—The enemy would thus deceive us as to his real power, and perſuade us that he is actuated by a ſpirit of exceſſive moderation: But that Government ſhall not make us miſtake the eſſence which conſtitutes it; we know that the revolutionary effervescence, which ſeems hitherto to have formed its principal force, is at laſt exhauſted by the continued efforts which it has ſo long directed againſt the repoſe of Europe. The French Government no longer regards the Ciſalpine State as a rampart which it can oppoſe to foreign attacks; even this new conqueſt alarms its maſters, by that factious ſpirit with which we aliment the war, and by which we neutralize the kind of regular policy which they endeavour to organize in that country.

"The flames of civil war already rage in the provinces of Brabant; the Griſons will hold Helvetia in check; the Ciſalpines diſplay a Republican quakery; but it is by their demagogic turbulence that we ſhall combat them. Prince Repnin has informed me, that all the inſtructions which he has ſent to perſonages of the greateſt influence in Lombardy, and who wiſh to reſcue their country from the French yoke, tend to promote the deſtruction of Republicaniſm by its own follies; in order to oppoſe to the influence of the Directory even the principles of that liberty of which it conſtitutes itſelf the Univerſal Apoſtle.

"You therefore need not have been ſurpriſed at the changes to which we provoked the haughty ſpirit of the French General who commands at Milan; certain diſputes which took place between him and the Ambaſſador Trove, did not eſcape our attention.

"The diplomatic agent wiſhed to modify the political inſtitutions of the new Republic according to that ſpirit of conciliation which ſeems to have been adopted by the French Directory, as their ſyſtem to conſolidate their authority amidſt the turbulence of faction. But the General, through a ſentiment of jealous rivalſhip, ſurrounded himſelf with all the revolutionary elements, which were in a ſtate of colliſion under the new organization. The Jacobin clubs were cloſed, and his palace became the rallying place for the moſt furious demagogues. He interpoſed his military authority to protect the principles which were violated, and to re-eſtabliſh, in all their plentitude, the rights of national ſovereignty. He overturned every thing to inoculate, as it were, the Ciſalpine Republic with the perfection of demagogy.—The former Magiſtracy was reſtored, and the work of the Ambaſſador was not only annihilated, but it was declared in proclamations to be injurious to the political rights of this ſovereign nation under guardianſhip.

"The Ligurian Republic is about to feel the ſame critical convulſion. The French troops will be ſcattered in order to protect this political jumble. It is then that Italy will have it in her power to avenge herſelf on her oppreſſors. Then the brave Piedmonteſe ſoldiers will find the way prepared for them, to unite themſelves under the ſtandard of the formidable coalition. Such, ſir, is the plan conceived by the vaſt genius of Psince Repnin, and of which you now ſee the firſt openings. You may aſſure your Court, that Great Britain has not formed an alliance with the Emperor of all the Ruſſias, but for the purpoſe of ſecuring the political exiſtence of every prince who ſhall find himſelf ſurrounded by thoſe revolutionary whirlwinds which have hitherto ſubjected ſo many provinces to the dominion of Republican France.

Copy of a Letter addreſſed to General Mack.

October 4, 1798.

"MY GENERAL,

"I learn from the public papers that the Court of Naples, threatened with an invaſion by the French Government, has determined to oppoſe to it your reputation and talents, and has therefore appointed you Commander of the Neapolitan troops. If you arrive in time, the kingdom will be ſaved; and if in the general conduct of the war, which appears to be inevitable, you obtain the full extent of that confidence which all Europe would grant you, its ſalvation will alſo be your work.

"After I parted from you, my General, I return-

* This Baron D'Awerveck, the entimate friend of Pitt, is the ſecret director of the ſpies on the continent.

ed to my country, as I had the honour to inform you. I have, therefore, been enabled to observe the situation of France, the spirit which prevails there, and particularly that which governs the armies.

"I am of opinion, my General, that the information I have obtained, that the connections I formed with men who were the enemies, and who have since been the victims of the Directorial tyranny, and principally with Pichegru and Willot, who have escaped from Cayenne and returned to Europe, where their names, and the part they shall perform will not be without influence; that a long residence in Switzerland, which is destined to become the theatre of the war, and the most important point of attack for arresting the devastating progress of the French armies, hurled forward, in spite of themselves, by a Government which is the enemy of social order; and, finally, that the correspondence which I have had with men distinguished by their knowledge and capacity, may render it possible for me to prove to you, in an useful manner, the long and constant attachment I have borne you.

"Nothing but a sentiment that is most dear to me—nothing but the desire of being near you, and serving again under your command, could determine me to leave a tranquil asylum and an easy life, for a situation of trouble and danger. It is true, I also feel that, besides the duty which requires every individual to use his efforts for the maintenance of civilised society, it was more particularly mine to combat for a kingdom which is the country of a great part of my family. Prince Vintimille Belmonte, my cousin, to whom I have written, will have the honour of seeing you, and will adopt such measures as you may think proper; besides, the testimonies of friendship which you have bestowed upon me, will be the best recommendations I can have with a King and Queen whose remarkable character creates a desire to serve them. If they will give me the place of Colonel or Lieutenant-Colonel in your staff, I will immediately set out to join you. The rank I ask may, perhaps, appear to you rather high, for an old Corporal and Lieutenant in the Austrian army, by my relations in Naples can certify that I was formerly in France Colonel-proprietor of a regiment, which bore the same name with them, and consequently with me.

"I was obliged to leave Switzerland, where I received your last letter, and to come to Hamburgh, on business which I had with England: but after you shall have returned me an answer I can speedily join you, and shall take the route of Vienna. Baron Vincent having sent me a passport for that city, I address this letter to him, in order that it may the more certainly reach you. Have the goodness to transmit, through him, the reply which you shall be pleased to make to me; he will address it to me at the place where I now live, which is at Madame the Princess of Lorraine's, Altona, near Hamburgh.

"I know not whether Maurice Dietrichstein be with you; it appears to me so natural to abandon all to follow you, that it is almost impossible he should have separated from you, for his excellent heart is worthy of being exclusively attached to you—I doubt not that if he be with you, and have good news to announce to me on your part, but that he will write to me directly to Altona, at Madame the Princess of Lorraine's. Though the way by Vienna is most certain, the direct post may announce your letter to me more speedily.

"Adieu, my dear, my respectable and admirable General, nothing can ever efface from my mind the recollection of your kindness and your friendship. The want of opportunity only has hitherto prevented me from testifying the devotion I entertain for you: May it prove agreeable to you, and procure me the means of giving you more convincing testimonies of my attachment. Deign to accept the assurances of the respect with which I have the honour to be,

My General,
Your very humble and obedient servant,
VINTIMILLE DULUC.

LOSS OF THE APOLLO FRIGATE.

It is with real concern we have to state, that a letter from Yarmouth, received this morning, mentions the loss of his Majesty's frigate Apollo of 38 guns, Captain Halkett, on the coast of Holland. Part of the crew, the same letter adds, had arrived in Yarmouth Roads; and it was hoped that the whole had been saved.

Thursday, the Weymouth armed transport sailed from Portsmouth for Ireland, with about 800 of the Guards on board.

Yesterday morning his Serene Highness the Prince of Orange set off from Pall Mall, in a travelling post chaise and four with his attendants, to embark on board his Majesty's sloop the Inspector, at Yarmouth, on return to the Continent.

Mr Thomas Grenville is also set off again, with an intention of proceeding with all possible expedition to Berlin.

An enterprize of much importance will take place early in the Spring. We deem it improper to make a public statement of its nature.

By a French prize lately captured, intelligence, it is said, was yesterday received by Government, that the whole of Italy was at that time under the dominion of the French Republic; that all the royal and other valuable treasures and pictures of Turin had been sent off for Paris, under a strong escort, and that those of Naples were expected soon to follow.—*Morn. Herald.*

A protest has been entered in the Journals of the House of Lords, by Lord Holland, against the bill for suspending the Habeas Corpus Act.

LLOYD'S MARINE LIST, Jan. 11.

L'IMPROMTUE French brig privateer, of 14 guns, is captured by the Triton frigate, and sent into Plymouth.

Two brigs, with iron, from Cardiff to London, have been captured off Portland by a small privateer, retaken by the Pigmy cutter, and brought into Portland with the privateer.

The Fanny, Bourn, from Memel to London, is lost on the Swedish coast. Crew saved.

The Neutrality, Samberg, from Havannah to Altona, is put into Corunna, very leaky.

The Martinus, ——, from Lisbon to Bremen; the Tagus, ——, from Lisbon to Bristol; and the Ann and Dorothea, ——, fuom St Thomas's to Hamburgh, have been captured by the Mercury French privateer; the latter is recaptured by the Indefatigable frigate, and arrived at Falmouth.

The Swallow, Burridge, from Lisbon to Newfoundland, is taken by a French privateer.

WINDS AT DEAL.

Jan. 8. S. S. W.—9. Calm.—10. S. S. W.

MAILS.

Arrived—Ireland, 5.—Hamburgh, 6.
Due—Ireland, 2.—Hamburgh, 8.

—STOCKS.—

Bank Stock	———	India Stock	———
3 *per cent. co.*	53¼ ⅜ ¼	*Long Ann.*	15⅝ 7-16
4 *per cent.*	67¼ ⅜	*Short*	0⅞
5 *per cent. Ann.*	81 80¾	*Omnium*	1¼

This day, (Jan. 11.) at twelve o'clock, 3 *per cent. red.* 53¼. 3 *per cent. con.* 53¼ ⅜.

Caledonian Mercury.

EDINBURGH—JANUARY 14.

[FROM OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENT.]

The following article is taken from one of the few French papers which have lately been received.

Copy of a Letter from D——, Lieutenant of the Marine Artillery in the Fort of Pharo, at Alexandria.

18 BRUMAIRE—NOV. 8.

We have just received the news that the inhabitants of Cairo and its environs, had risen against our troops, at the instigation of some English emissaries; that the French were obliged to fire cannon upon the insurgents; that in a short time four thousand of them were killed, and that the others returned to order, and submitted to General BUONAPARTE in person.

The garrison of Alexandria observed, on the very day of the insurrection at Cairo, that the English vessels before that port made a multitude of signals to induce the inhabitants of Alexandria to rise; but the people here did not make the least movement, the garrison being constantly under arms. They acted prudently, for a great number of them would have been killed, if they had they followed the example of Cairo.

After the insurrection at Cairo, a contribution of two millions was levied.

We are employed in constructing several forts, in order to put this country in a proper state of defence.

[From the COURIER of Egypt, printed at Cairo.]

There has just arrived at Cairo, a part of the Nubian caravan, which brings every year male and female slaves, tamarinds, ostrich feathers, and gold dust; the greatest part of the caravan had already arrived at Suyent, one of the principal cities of Higher Egypt; but from the ridiculous reports which have been spread by the fugitive Mamelukes in Saayd, that the French killed and eat their enemies, the Numidian merchants returned to Syenne. Those who remained at Suyent, waiting for boats to follow their companions, received such information from Cairo, that they were induced to go there; the rest were not long in following as soon as they learnt the protection their companions enjoyed even in that part of their commerce, which does not accord with French laws.

This Caravan left Berber, a principal city in Candia, situate on the east bank of the Nile, where for 27 years a Mooriih Princess, whom the traveller Bruce called *Settina* had reigned, and by whom he had been graciously received. From the Berberen merchants we have learnt that the Princess is dead and has left a son and a daughter, who reign in Candia. This posterity of Settina, they say, retains a considerable resemblance of her as mentioned by Bruce.

In the route which the caravan took to the Banks of the Nile, they met with several villages, but in many parts of the road were in want of water for several days, so that it was necessary to carry it along with them. The slaves whom they were conducting into Egypt by this caravan came from Senaan, the capital of the province of Fazucho, in Abissinia situate betwixt the Nile and the White river, which loses itself in the former.

The name of slave is very ill applied to those persons who are thus brought to Cairo for sale. They are there treated much better than the domestics, both in point of nourishment and dress, as well as in other respects. After some years of service, their masters are obliged, both by the laws of honour and custom, to marry the girls, and provide for the men in some respectable manner. When they fall into the hands of masters who maltreat them they can then oblige them to re-sell them—and in this point they are protected by the laws.

The Mamelukes, who for 1200 years, at least, have governed as absolute masters in Egypt, either under the title of Sultans or Beys, until their reign was ended by the battle of the Pyramids, are almost all of them Circassian or Georgian children.

GENOA, 20 FRIMAIRE, DEC. 10.

Measures, both military and political, are taken to put our coasts out of all danger from the attacks of the English and Neapolitans. It appears that it was their intention to attack the coast of the Gulph of Spezzia and Porto Venere. General Lapoype, who has been there these three or four days, has written to our Minister of War that this point is put in a complete state of defence, as well by the number of troops with which the garrison is reinforced as by the batteries which have been erected. The French General MIOLLIS, who commands at Sarzanna and Massa Carrara, has also lost no time. Upon hearing of the arrival of the Neapolitans at Leghorn, he instantly assembled his troops, and we are assured that he has taken possession of the important pass of *Sant de la Biche*, on the Tuscan territory, about half a league from Massa, on the way to Pissa. This post is regarded as impregnable.

"Two half-brigades of French troops are just arrived, to reinforce our garrisons.

SPEZZIA, FRIMAIRE, DEC. 14.

"It is reported, that the Cisalpines have taken possession of the famous pass called *Il Salto Della Ceiva*, the only place by which the Tuscan territory can be entered from the Cisalpine Republic. But we believe that this post is still occupied by the Tuscans."

Extract from the Register of the Deliberations of the Executive Directory.

PARIS—Brumaire 4. (Oct. 25.)

The Executive Directory decrees as follows:

Art. I. The decrees by which Citizen Brune, Commander in Chief of the army of Italy, has displaced several members of the Legislative Councils, and of the Executive Directory of the Cisalpine Republic, are void, and of no effect, and as if not decreed.

II. The acts by which the same General at the same time has displaced public officers of the Cisalpine Republic, are likewise rendered void and if no effect.

III. The present decree shall be communicated to the Directory of the Cisalpine Republic, by the French Ambassador at Milan.

TREILHARD.
LA REVILLIERE LEPEAUX.

There is every reason to believe that the French have entered Tuscany, either from the Cisalpine or Ligurian Republics, or perhaps from both; and that the dominions of the Grand Duke are like those of the unfortunate King of Sardinia in the possession of the Republicans.

P. S. I have just heard that a report of the French having taken Leghorn had arrived in town to day. I am told it was brought to Dover by a cartel.

Some of the London papers say that the intercepted letters which have been translated from the French journals, are not genuine.

Mrs DAVIDSON, wife of James Davidson, Esq. writer to the signet, died at Cambuslang, on the 11th instant.

Died on the 4th inst. at Leith, Dr CHARLES MAULE, much and justly regretted.

On Monday the Magistrates of Inverness presented the freedom of that town to the Right Honourable Lord M'DONALD, Major M'DONALD, and several other officers of his Lordship's regiment of the Isles.

The Ceres arrived at Berwick on the 11th instant, after a very narrow escape from two privateers off Robin Hood's Bay, the one appeared to be a frigate, the other pierced for 8 guns on each side.

By a letter received this morning from Captain HALKET, of his Majesty's ship Apollo, we are happy to say, that the whole of his crew are safely arrived at Yarmouth. The ship struck a little before day-break on Monday last, close to the entrance of the Texel—unfortunately soon after high water, and a gale coming on they were obliged to quit her soon after dark. They seized a small vessel in the morning, in which they arrived at Yarmouth.

The Lords of the Admiralty have ordered a handsome Silver Cup of the value of about twenty guineas, to be presented to MALCOLM CAMPBELL, tacksman of Cornaig, in the island of Coll, as a mark of their Lordships sense of his meritorious zeal and exertions, upon the 25th of December last, in piloting his Majesty's ship the Cæsar, when in distress, off the island of Coll.

On Wednesday last, the Heritors, Kirk Session, and Inhabitants of North Leith, undoubted patrons of the parish, being legally called, met, and having taken into consideration the advanced years of their minister Dr JOHNSTON, who is still in good health, but who is justly entitled to some relief from his long and laborious services, having been a minister above forty years—did unanimously nominate and appoint Mr WALTER FOGO IRELAND, preacher of the gospel, to be his assistant and successor.

PROTECTION TO THE FAIR TRADER.

For some time past, a variety of persons have come to this city, offering a number of articles for sale by auction, at very reduced prices. Within these few days it has been discovered, that the parties concerned in one of these sales, had obtained the articles by swindling practices, and diligent search is now making after the delinquents. When articles are offered for sale under a fair price, there is much reason for suspecting either that they are of base quality, or have not been properly come by; for it is a maxim that a fair merchant must have a fair price, and this we believe is the principle upon which the established merchants and traders in Edinburgh do business. They have likewise to pay their proportion to taxes and burdens, which fall on them as citizens. In this respect they are therefore entitled to every degree of respect and support, and it would not be improper in the Magistrates to enact, and announce publicly, that any stranger who offers good for sale within the city, must first produce proper certificates that such goods are fairly come by, so that honest merchants who may visit the metropolis may meet a candid and hospitable reception, whilst at the same time our own fair traders may not be cut up by sharpers and swindlers.

The representation of BLACKBEARD, at the Circus, has attracted universal approbation. It is pronounced to be a masterpiece. The inside of Blackbeard's cabin, with the ship in full sail, and the engagement between the pirate and British Captain, are very striking and admirable. The loudest applause testified the approbation of the audience.

The house was uncommonly crowded, and a brilliant display of fashion graced the boxes.

DUBLIN—January 8.

On Sunday, the celebrated HOLT was conveyed from the Castle on board a transport vessel, now lying in the river, for the purpose of being carried to B. Bay.

ARRIVED AT LEITH.

Ann, Pearson, from Berwick, wheat—Rose, West, from Liverpool, salt—Glasgow Packet, Taylor, from London, goods—Industry, Mercer, from Alloa, coals.

CLEARED OUT.

Providence, Arthur, for Berwick, goods—Good Intent, Small, for Anstruther, do.—Andrew and Ketty, Small, for Glasgow, do.—Maria, Jamieson, for do. do.

Wind W. S. W.—Moderate.

MASON MEETING AT LEITH.

THE Right Worshipful Master of the LODGE CANONGATE and LEITH, LEITH and CANONGATE, intends to hold a Meeting on Thursday first, at half-past-five o'clock afternoon precisely, in the Mason Lodge Room, St Andrews-Street, LEITH, for the accommodation of the Leith Brethren; when it is particularly requested, that as many of the Members belonging to this Lodge as can make it convenient will attend. A. H. Sec.

INFIRMARY.

Newcastle upon Tyne. 10th January, 1799.

THE GOVERNORS of this INFIRMARY hereby give notice, that they will receive, at their Weekly Committee every Thursday, applications by letter (Post paid) for supplying the Office of House Apothecary, now vacant by the death of the late Mr Taylor. The letters to be addressed to the House Committee, at the Infirmary. The Apothecary must be a single man.—The day of election is the second Thursday in April next.

SALE POSTPONED.

THE SALE of the Estate of FAIRBURN, which has been advertised to take place on Friday 1st February next, is POSTPONED till Monday 18th February.

A FARM IN MID-LOTHIAN TO LET.

THE LANDS of NEWHALL, in the parish of Stow, and county of Edinburgh, containing about 370 acres, chiefly of pasture ground, as presently possest by Thomas Paterson. Entry at Whitsunday next 1799.

Offers in writing to be made to Harry Davidson, W. S. No. 11, South Hanover Street.

DEFENCE OF THE COUNTRY.

Subscriptions in the INCUYRA part of the Parish of Kinnoul.

James Forrester, servant to Mr Anderson	L. 0 5 0	George Buist	5 0
David Hill and Son, Forlhill	1 0 0	J. M'Intosh, bellman	2 0
Alex. Kennedy, servant to do.	1 0	Alex. M'Donald	1 0
Wm. Culbert, servant to do.	0 6	Margt. Barclay	1 0
John Davidson, servant to do.	1 0	Duncan Morrison	2 0
Dav. Clark, servant to do.	0 6	David Thomson	2 6
James Smith, servant to Mr Anderson	5 0	James Croil	1 0
Rob. Cluuie, servant do.	1 0	T. Boyd, Prirland L.	1 0 0
Jas. Clark, servant do.	1 0	S. Grimond servt. to do.	1 0
Peter Anton, servant do.	1 0	H. Gardner, do. do.	1 0
James Spidie	1 0	J. Bruce, do. do.	1 0
Mary Sime	0 6	B. Barry, do. do.	1 0
Jas. Neilson, tailor	2 0	C. Fleeming, do. do.	2 0
Wm. Elder & Son	10 6	John Allan	1 0
W. Gardner, servant do.	1 0	Alex. Ramsay	1 0
J. Purie, do. do.	1 0	John Mellon	1 0
Thomas Wilson	2 0	Bell Watt, servant to D. Hill	1 0
Dav. Anderson	5 0	Isobel Valentine, do.	1 0
Marg. Thomson, servant to do.	1 0	Margt. Barry, do.	1 0
James Ireland	2 6	Donald M'Donald	1 0
John Sime	2 0	John Black	1 0
David Carmichael	1 0	Isobel Morris	0 6
		Margt. Spidie	0 6
		Angus Cameron	1 0
		Christian M'Donald	0 6
		James Gallaway	0 6
		Thomas Smith	1 0
		Wm. Gilkie	1 0
			L. 6 0 6

1798.

CAPITAL PRIZES

Sold and Shared in the present year, by

RICHARDSON, GOODLUCK, & Co.

November Irish Lottery £.

No. 25,215, in 1 Fourth, 1 Eighth, and 10 Sixteenths 10,000
24,165, in a Half, 2 Eighths, and 4 Sixteenths, - 2000
20,137 - - - in a Whole Ticket - - - - 5000
13,794 - - - - - - Ditto - - - - - - 2000
18,030 - - - - - - Ditto - - - - - - 1000

July Irish Lottery.

9915, in a Half, a Fourth, an Eighth, and a Sixteenth 5000
29,454, - - - - in a Whole Ticket - - - 10,000

Last English Lottery.

35,989, in 2 Fourths, 2 Eighths, and 4 Sixteenths 20,000
Also, 12,807, in 16 Sixteenths, the last Prize shared of 30,000
And in Lotteries since the year 1767, a great proportion of capital Prizes, too numerous to mention.

The ENGLISH LOTTERY begins drawing Feb. 11. 1799.

The Tickets and Shares are on Sale by RICHARDSON, GOODLUCK, and Co. at their Licensed State Lottery Offices, No. 104, Bank Buildings, Cornhill; No. 8, opposite the King's Mews, Charing Cross, London; and at Mess. Stevenson and Matchett's, Market-place, Norwich.

*** Country Correspondents may have Tickets and Shares sent them by remitting Post-Office orders, or bills payable at sight, on the lowest terms.

Prices, Jan. 9.

Half	L. 7	2	0	Eighth	L. 1 16 6
Fourth	3	12	0	Sixteenth	0 18 6

☞ The present English State-Lottery contains only 50,000 Tickets, and not Two Blanks to a prize, which renders the Scheme very beneficial to Purchasers, because, in this Lottery, should they only obtain a small prize of 20l. the advantage arising will be Six Guineas.

Money for the Prizes paid on demand, whether a 20l. or a 20,000l.

ENGLISH STATE-LOTTERY—1798.

Begins Drawing on MONDAY the 11th February next, 1799.

THE TICKETS,

Halves, Quarters, Eighths, & Sixteenths,

Are now Selling, in great Variety of Numbers, and on the lowest terms, by

HORNSBY & CO. STOCK-BROCKERS

At their old established STATE-LOTTERY OFFICE,

(Licensed pursuant to Act of Parliament,)

No. 26. CORNHILL,

Opposite the Royal Exchange, London;

—ALSO AT—

Mess. Trewman and Son's Exeter;

And at Mr Thomas Billinge's, Liverpool.

Correct Numerical and Register Books are kept, and Tickets and Shares are registered at Sixpence per Number.

☞ Orders accompanied with good bills, payable at sight, or of a short date, will be punctually attended to.

Letters, post paid, duly answered, and Schemes gratis

All Shares sold at this Office will be stamped, agreeable to Act of Parliament, with the words "*State-Lottery Stamp-Office.*"

Bank, India, and South-sea, Stocks, with their several Annuities, and all kinds of Government Securities, bought and sold by Commission.

COUNTRY HOUSE, GARDEN, AND PARK, NEAR EDINBURGH, FOR SALE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse on Thursday the 31st day of January current, at two o'clock afternoon,

THE HOUSE of TRINITY PARK, consisting of six fire-rooms, kitchen, pantry, cellars, and other conveniencies, with the garden, small orchard, and park in front of the house, extending in whole to nearly three English acres, presently occupied by Mr Alexander Fraser, lying near to Trinity Mains, at the head of the road leading from Canonmills to the Queen's Ferry Road. The house, which commands a pleasant and extensive view, was built within these few years; and the garden is well laid out and stocked with the best kinds of fruit-trees, &c. all in a thriving condition. The premises are within a mile and a half of the City of Edinburgh, by Canonmills Road, and within a few minutes walk of the seaside.

If more agreeable to purchasers, the House, Garden, and small Orchard will be sold by themselves, with a servitude over the park, that no buildings shall be erected thereon, to obstruct the view of the house.

David Mathieson, gardener in the neighbourhood, will show the grounds; and William White, writer, No. 1, East Register Street, Edinburgh, will give whatever other information may be wanted, and treat with any person who may wish to purchase by private bargain.

LANDS AND FISHINGS IN PERTHSHIRE.

TO BE SOLD,

By public voluntary roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 16th day of January 1799, betwixt the hours of one and two o'clock, afternoon—

THE LANDS of BALLATHIE and BARONY of KERCOCK, with the Woods, Salmon Fishings, and Pertinents, and also the Right of Patronage of the Parish and Parish Church of Kinclaven, all lying in the said parish of Kinclaven, and county of Perth.

By the plan and survey of this estate a few years ago, it contains nearly 1450 acres Scots statute measure, 632 acres arable, 107 of fine oak wood, 90 of larix and fir, 271 of very improvable muir, and 348 acres of meadow and pasture grounds; and the present rent which is extremely low after deduction of public burdens, is 571l. 2s. Sterling. The tenants are all in good circumstances, and pay their rents punctually at Whitsunday yearly before reaping the crop, being forehand rent.

There are Two SALMON FISHINGS in the river Tay, one upon the lands of Ballathie, and another upon the lands of Kercock; many more Draughts might be made at a very trifling expence, as the river bounds the premises for several miles.

There is a small mansion-house, garden, and offices, with a pigeon-cote, upon the lands of Ballathie, a Corn-mill upon the lands of Kercock, lately rebuilt, and plenty of shell marle in the ground, and moss for fuel. The farm steadings, are all in good repair; most of them have been rebuilt within these six years, and several of mason work and slated roofs.

The oak woods upon the premisses are an object worthy of attention, as last cutting sold at 1515l. Sterling, and will be ready for cutting again in the course of eight years, when a considerable rise must be expected, for several thousand reserves or standards were left at last cutting, and the woods are all inclosed, and in a very thriving condition.

A considerable advance of rent may be expected at the termination of the current leases. Some of them expire in three or four years, and triple rent has been offered by the present tenants.

There are lime kilns within three miles of the premises, to which there is easy access; and as the lands are of an early dry soil, lime and marle produce excellent crops.

This estate is pleasantly situated on the banks of the river Tay, about ten miles distant from the town and port of Perth, four from Dunkeld, and three from Cupar of Angus; to all which there are good roads, mostly turnpike;——and will be sold as most agreeable to purchasers, either in whole, or in the three following lots:

LOT I.—The LANDS and BARONY of KERCOCK, with the Woods thereon, excepting the Superiority of a certain small part thereof to be included with Lot 2d, for the purpose of affording a freehold qualification.

LOT II.—The LANDS and FISHINGS of BALLATHIE with the Woods thereon, and the Superiority of these Parts of the Lands and Barony of Kercock, called EASTWOODEND and BALGREEN, and BISHOPLAW.

LOT III.—The RIGHT of PATRONAGE.

The whole lands, fishings, &c. hold of the Crown, and stand valued in the cess-books at 1100l. Scots, being nearly Three Votes or Qualifications in the county; and if sold in lots, the first and second lots will each entitle the purchaser thereof to a freehold qualification.

For further particulars, application may be made to Mr Macdonald, W. S. Prince's Street, Edinburgh;—and James Bayne, the ground-officer at Ballathie, will show the lands.

AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,

The Union Shipping Company's Armed Smack

COLDSTREAM PACKET,

JAMES WATSON Master, AND

GLASGOW PACKET,

WILLIAM HALL Master,

Will take in goods, the Coldstream till Tuesday morning at eight o'clock, and the Glasgow till Thursday at noon, when they will sail.

Union Shipping Co's Office, Leith, January 14. 1799.

SCROFULA, OR KING's EVIL & ASTHMA CURED,

To Mr Ligmum, Surgeon, at his Dispensary, No. 57. Bridge-street, Manchester.

Barton, in the parish of Eccles, in the county of Lancaster, Nov. 26. 1798.

DEAR SIR,

ACTUATED by a principle of gratitude and justice to society, and your Drops, added to my own conviction, obliges me cordially to confess and vouch for their very extraordinary powers.—I have, for 36 years, been afflicted with the above complaints, although most of the faculty, under whose care I have been, termed my affliction scorbutic, till happily I came under your care, when you pronounced my case to be scrophulous; about six months ago, a lady in the neighbourhood of Barton, hearing the deplorable condition I was in, visited me, when, immediately, she strenuously recommended the use of your Drops, at which time I was in such a calamitous state, as I think scarcely ever poor mortal was; my right arm and left leg were both swelled to a truly alarming degree, in my arm and hands there were upwards of twelve running wounds, which issued a large quantity of ichorous humour, attended with insufferable pain; my leg and foot were so swoln that I had not been able to get either shoe or stocking on for many months; there were likewise many wounds in my leg and foot, which discharged a large quantity of humour, similar to that which issued from my hand and arm, but was somewhat more glutinous; and, to add to my distress, I was much afflicted with an asthmatic complaint, and intermitting fever for twelve months, every other day, together with depraved appetite, faintness, lowness, and sinking of the spirits, and my sleep was as it were totally departed from me, as I had not known what it was to experience a sound sleep for many months; such was my lamentable condition, that I was carried to and from bed, and worn almost to a skeleton; indeed, it is impossible for me to describe the situation to which I was reduced, when I began taking your Drops; before I had finished one small bottle, I found myself much better; but how shall I express my grateful thanks to God, and you, for your inestimable preparation, when, by the time I had taken three small bottles, I could walk from my own house to and from Manchester, a distance of ten or eleven miles, and by taking three more bottles, I am perfectly restored to health; I am now in the sixty second year of my age, and when I look back, it strikes me with astonishment, to consider, what a poor emaciated creature I was for many years—That your merit and goodness may be rewarded in this world, as well as in the world to come, is the sincere wish and prayer of, dear Sir,

Your devoted, humble servant,
SARAH PRESTWICH.

Attested by R. GUEST, Curate of Eccles,
WM. LOWE, Overseer of the Poor,
THOS. ROYLE. Schoolmaster in Barton,
JOHN PHILLIPS,
JAMES SMITH,
SAMUEL LAMB,
RICHARD BUCKLEY,
THOMAS PARR,
THOMAS COLLINS,
SAMUEL HURST, Worsley.

One 4s. 6d. bottle is sufficient to convince the afflicted of the salutary effects of the medicine.

☞ These Drops are sold in moulded square bottles at 12s. and 4s. 6d.—One 12s. bottle is equal in quantity to three 4s. 6d. ones. They may be had, wholesale and retail, at Mr LIGNUM's, No. 57, Bridge Street, Manchester, and by appointment, by

R. SCOTT, APOTHECARY,
No 8. South Bridge, Edinburgh; and by

Mr Keltie, perfumer, No. 15. St. Andrew's Street, N. Town.	
Mr Coke, bookseller, Leith.	Messr. Johnston & Bisset, Perth
Mr Angus Macdonald, jeweller, and Mr Mennons, printer, Glasgow.	Mr Scott, surgeon, Kelso.
	Mr Dickson, druggist, Dumfries
	Mr Phorson, Berwick.
Mr Dick, surgeon, Dundee.	Mr Brown, } Printers,
Mr Dempster, surgeon, Cupar	Mr Hodson, } Newcastle.
Mr Cragie, Montrose	Mr Hall, }

DUNG FOR SALE.

There is to be Sold by public roup, at Piers-hill Barracks, on Friday next the 17th curt. within the Canteen, at the Barrack Yard,

ALL the DUNG, made by the Horses quartered there from the 1st of October last.—To be put up in lots as purchasers may incline.

The Dung will be shewn by J. Reid, Barrack Serjeant.

The sale to begin at 12 o'clock.

EDINBURGH, January 12. 1799.

SALMON FISHING TO BE LET.

THAT well-known SALMON FISHING on the north side of Bonar, in the parish of Creech, and county of Sutherland, to be set by public roup, within the house of Mrs Sutherland, at the north side of Portmore, or Meickle-Ferry, in the said county, upon the 24th day of January curt. 1799, for such a number of years as bidders may incline. To be set up at a certain rent, to be fixed on the day of roup. The bounds of the Fishing Stations, which are extensive, will be shown, by applying to Mr John Ramsay at Skibo. All reasonable encouragement will be given to persons inclined to take a lease of said Fishing. There is a very good corfehouse, belonging to the premisses, in which there are vats and tubs for salting salmon.

There can be no fishing more capable of improvement than that of Bonar, as the nets may be stretched across the Kyle or Frith of Dornoch, which abounds with very fine large salmon, many of which have hitherto eluded the fishers there, and are caught in cruives several miles above.

The salmon might with ease be sent to London, from Bonar, either packed in ice or pickled, as smacks pass the mouth of the Frith daily during the fishing season; and the Frith is navigable up to Bonar.

The sworn rent of this fishing, at the time of the judicial sale, 1786, was 30l. a-year.

For further information, or private agreement, enquire at Captain Kenneth M'Kay at Torbol, near Dornoch, factor on the estate of Skibo, or to Mess. A. M. Guthrie, and Andrew Storie, W. S Edinburgh.

WOODS IN PERTH SHIRE.

To be SOLD by public roup on Thursday the 14th of February 1799, within the house of Peter Ross, inn-keeper in Callander of Monteith, at 11 o'clock forenoon.

THE WHOLE FULL-GROWN WOOD on the Lands of Edinchip and Creachans, in the parish of Balquhidder, consisting of OAK and ASH.

There is easy access from the Woods to the public high roads leading to Perth, Stirling, and Alloa.

The articles of Roup may be seen at the house of Edenchip and the servants there will show the Woods.

HOUSE IN QUEEN's STREET.

To be SOLD, by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 23d day of January 1799, at 3 o'clock afternoon,

THAT ELEGANT HOUSE, being No. 53. Queen's Street, with the back ground belonging to it.—The house is fit to accommodate a large and genteel family, and the sunk storey in particular is uncommonly convenient and well laid out.

Apply to John Macnab, W. S. who has power to sell by private bargan before the day of roup.

HOUSES IN GAYFIELD PLACE.

To be Sold by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, on Wednesday the 23d Jan. 1799, at 2 o'clock afternoon,

THAT HOUSE, entering from the south, on the east side of Gayfield Place, presently possessed by Mr Jollie, containing nine rooms and a kitchen.

The HOUSE, being the first flat up stairs, presently possessed by Mr Robertson, consisting of five rooms and a kitchen; the dining room, 20 by 16, and the drawing room, 27 by 18.

AND,

The HOUSE, being the third flat up stairs, presently possessed by Mr Murray, consisting of four rooms, a large bed closet and kitchen.

These Houses are allowed to be uncommonly well finished, and the situation is known to be delightful. Being without the Royalty, they are not subject to any of the city taxes, neither are they liable in King's cess.

Purchasers will have the priviledge of the Square, and access to a washing house and bleaching green. They may be accommodated with stones for building a stable or coach-house, if required.

For farther information, application may be made to James Begg, architect in Edinburgh, the Proprietor; or to James Jollie, clerk to the signet, Parliament Close.

SHOPS, &c. IN PRINCE's STREET,

AND

TENEMENT OF LAND IN TODRICK's WYND,

To be SOLD, and entered to Whitsunday next.

To be SOLD by public auction, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, on Monday the 28th day of January curt. at one o'clock afternoon,

THE Following SHOPS, &c. under the MUSEUM No. 16. Prince's Street, in such Lots as intending purchasers may suggest:

I.—SHOP and HOUSE under it, possessed by Messrs Coldstream and Carstairs, grocers, at a rent of . . . L. 60

II.—SHOP possessed by Mr Dallaway, japanner, at a rent of . . 40

III.—SHOP possessed by Mr Howe as a carron warehouse, at a rent of . 30

IV.—HOUSE entering by the sunk area, possessed by Mr Wood, shoemaker, at a rent of . 12

L. 142 0 0

AND ALSO,

That Large TENEMENT of LAND, consisting of Five Stories, on the south side of the High Street of Edinburgh, in TODRICK's WYND, with the Work-shop adjoining thereto, as all substantially rebuilt by the late Alex. Weir, painter, and as at present possessed by various tenants, at rents amounting to L. 60 18s.

For further particulars, enquiry may be made at Mr Inglis, W. S. No. 59 Prince's Street.

LANDS IN THE COUNTIES OF ARGYLE AND EDINBURGH.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday 23d January 1799, at one o'clock afternoon,

THE ESTATE of HAYFIELD, beautifully situated upon the lake of Lochow, within twelve miles of Inverary, the county town, and within three miles of the sea at Bunaw, where an iron furnace is erected by an English company.

This estate is worthy of attention, as few or none have such advantages both natural and acquired. The soil is excellent, abounds with limestone, is capable of the highest improvement, well adapted for cropping and grazing, and there is easy access to the estate by good roads.

The Mansion-house is good and modern, commanding a delightful prospect of the lake and islands therein, the largest of which belongs to the estate. The office-houses are large and commodious, and all lately built—and there is an excellent Garden, of south exposure, well stocked with fruit trees. The pleasure grounds and plantations, containing trees of many various kinds, are beautifully laid out, and which, as well as the natural woods upon the estate, are thriving and valuable, and the whole premises in the highest order.

The estate abounds with game; and the lake of Lochow and the river of Awe (which are part of its boundaries), afford salmon and other fish of different kinds.

The present free rent is only about 560l. Sterling, including casualties; but *by a late survey and report of Mr Langlands, land surveyor (ready to be shown), the rent, upon nineteen years leases, is estimated at 761l. 14s. 6d. exclusive of the rent of two mills and a public-house.* The present value of the woods, as estimated by persons of skill, is upwards of 3900l.

N. B If purchasers incline, a Qualification to vote for a Member of Parliament will be sold along with the estate.

ALSO,

The LANDS of DUNAUCH, with the Shealings and Fishings thereof, lying in the parish of Kilmore and shire aforesaid—the present rent whereof is about 105l. Sterling.

These lands are agreeably situated near the sea coast, of good soil, and capable of much improvement, and there is a stool of natural wood upon them that has not been cut these 40 years, besides planted wood very thriving. The present value of the woods is estimated at 610l. Sterling.

For further particulars application may be made to John Spottiswood, Esq. Sackville Street, London; Mr Keith, accountant in Edinburgh, or Harry Davidson, writer to the signet there.

AS ALSO,

THE LANDS OF BOWLING-GREEN, IN THE VICINITY OF LEITH.

All and Whole the LANDS of BOWLING-GREEN, consisting of about twelve acres English, with the Houses, Gardens, and Pertinents, lying close to the town of Leith, on the south-west quarter, within a few minutes walk of the pier, and partly bounded by the Water of Leith.

This property, from its advantageous situation, is capable of being applied to very valuable purposes, such as feuing for dwelling-houses, erecting public works, warehouses, &c. &c.; and, if the proposed plan of enlarging the harbour of Leith, by carrying it up the river towards Bonnington, for which the City of Edinburgh obtained an act of Parliament some years ago, is carried into execution, it will become of great importance, as, by the plan made out and preferred by that very able engineer, Mr Whitworth, after full and deliberate consideration of all the other plans and schemes in agitation, and which was adopted by the act, there is to be a Wet-Basin on part of these lands of Bowling-green for receiving ships of 12 feet, and with certain improvements of 15 or 16 feet draught of water, in the same manner as the wet-dock or basin sometime ago made at Hull, and which has, in every respect, answered much beyond expectation; the advantages, therefore, of such a plan taking effect, to the proprietor of these lands, need not be here enumerated.

On the premises there is a good Dwelling-house and suitable office-houses, at present possessed by Mr M'Dougall, another House possessed by Mr Kemp, with Gardens to each, besides several small houses—Also a Mail Garden, of about two acres, possessed by Alexander Stewart, and two Parks in pasture.

N. B. Mr M'Dougall will give orders to shew the premises, and for further particulars apply as above.

To be SOLD by Private Bargain,

THE LANDS and ESTATE of LOCHALSH, situated on the west coast of the county of Ross.

This estate is bounded on the south and south east by Loch Duich and Loch Loung, on the west by that part of the Sound of Skye, called Kylehaken, on the north by Lochcarron, and the property of Mr Matheson of Attadale, and on the east by Mr Mackenzie of Hillton and Mr Mackenzie of Fairburn's properties in the county of Ross, and part of Lovat's property in the county of Inverness. The coast, which is washed by Lochcarron, the Sound of Skye, Loch Duich, and Loch Loung, extends to a length of 40 miles.

There is no actual survey of the lands, and therefore the extent cannot be accurately stated—the nearest and not excessive conjectures bring it to 70,000 acres, whereof much more than one half is fine low pasture, very capable of improvement.

There are about 700 acres arable, with at least 500 acres more, lying adjacent to the arable land, and capable of being rendered also arable, for which improvement abundance of shelly sand is to be found on the coast of the estate, as well as limestone on every farms which has not hitherto been worked for the purposes of manure.

The remainder of the estate is composed of hill grazings, of very superior richness, and mostly green.

The kelp shores of Lochalsh, along with those of Kintail, stand on a nine years lease, at the total yearly rent of L. 150. —The proportions of this rent corresponding to the several farms on the coast, are ascertained by a survey taken in March 1790, and the share corresponding to the whole of Lochalsh is L. 111: 12: 8. The produce on the coast of Lochalsh, when that survey was made, was computed at little more than 40 tons yearly, but with proper management the quantity will rise to about 60, by which, as well as the great encrease in the price of the article, a considerable addition may be expected under this head.

There are several extensive and thriving inclosures of natural oak wood, which, from their situation near the coast, will be of great value; besides a considerable quantity of full grown timber of various kinds on different parts of the shores.

The estate is held blench and immediately of the Crown, and stands rated in the cess books at L. 2900 Scots. The teinds were valued some years ago.

The current leases commenced at Whitsunday 1794. Most of them were granted for 19 years from that term, but of these a considerable number are subject to a break, in the option of the proprietor, at the end of seven, and again at the end of fourteen years.

The lands will be sold entire, or if a division can be adjusted convenient to both parties, which may doubtless be accomplished according to various views, the proprietor will be willing to treat for the sale of a part. In like manner if the acquisition of the whole or a part can be rendered more desirable to a purchaser, by the addition of adjacent properties, which are very extensive, belonging to the same owner, he will be ready to listen to proposals of that description.

A rental of the estate, with every other information, may be obtained by applying to Lord Seaforth, the proprietor, at present residing at Banff; or George Gillanders, Esq. of Highfield, by Beauly; or Messrs. Alexander and Colin Mackenzies, W. S. Edinburgh; any of whom will receive proposals from persons desirous to purchase.

The title deeds and leases of the estate are in the hands of Messrs A. and C. Mackenzie, nd the lands will be shown by Mr Archibald MacRae at Ardintoul the factor, or the ground officer.

FULL GROWN WOOD FOR SALE.

There will be exposed to SALE at Alva, near Alloa, on Monday 28th January curt.

A Very great Quantity of full-grown Oak, Plane, Ash, Elm, Fir, and other Wood.

The roup to commence at 10 o'clock forenoon.

SALE OF SUPERIORITIES AND FEU-DUTIES

In the Counties of Inverness and Argyle.

To be SOLD by public auction, on Wednesday the 6th day of March next, 1799, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, at two o'clock afternoon, in the following lots:

LOT I.

THE SUPERIORITIES & FEU-DUTIES of all and whole the Lands of Kendle and Peincharry, the Lands of Borve, Hosbadder, and Breabost, valued at	VALUATION. *Scots Money.* L. 198	s. 3	d. 5	FEU-DUTIES *Sterling Money* L. 23	s. 8	d. 3 3-12
The Lands of Skeabost, Change-house thereof, and Salmon Fishings of half the Lands of Edenbain, valued at	107	19	11	14	1	0 9-12
The Lands of Friasland and Claichamish, valued at	101	14	0	12	11	0 6-12
	407	17	4	50	0	0 6-12

All which lands lie in the parishes of Braccadale and Durinish, Isle of Sky, and county of Inverness.—These lands are valued in the cess-books of the county at the above sum of 407l. 17s. 4d. Scots, and pay cess accordingly, and are held feu for payment of 50l. 0s. 0d. 6-12ths Sterling.

LOT II.

The SUPERIORITIES of all and whole the Lands of Trumpanmore, the Lands of Trumpanbeg, valued at	VALUATION. *Scots Money.* L. 179	s. 9	d. 8	FEU-DUTIES. *Sterling Money.* L. 0	s. 0	d. 1
The Lands of Barnisdale, & the other half of Edenbain,	152	15	1	19	1	2 9-12
	332	4	9			
The Lands of STEIN, which are not separately valued, but a petition will be immediately given in to the Commissioners of Supply for that purpose, and the valution with the above 332l. 4s. 9d. made up to 400l. Scots.—Stein pays a Feu-duty of				49	0	0
				68	1	3 9-12

These lands also lie in the parishes of Braccadale and Durinish, Isle of Sky, and county of Inverness, and are held feu for payment of the said sum of 68l. 1s. 3d. 9-12ths Sterling.

LOT III.

The SUPERIORITY of certain Parts of the Lands and Barony of Inveryne, lying in the lordship of Cowal, and shire of Argyle, creating a freehold qualification in that county.—These lands pay a feu-duty of eight shillings Scots money.

Persons requiring further information, or who may wish to treat by private bargain before the day of sale, may apply to Hector Macdonald Buchanan, W. S. with whom the title-deeds and articles of roup may be seen.

SALE OF KINNORDY AND INVERCARITY,

In the County of Forfar.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Friday the 25th day of January 1799, between the hours of one and two o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS and ESTATES of KINNORDY and INVERCARITY, lying in the parish of Kirrymuir, and county of Forfar, in the two following Lots, viz.

LOT I.—The Lands and Estate of KINNORDY, with the Farm of KINTYRIE, comprehending the mansion-house, office-houses, and garden of Kinnordy, as laid down and delineated on a plan and measurement thereof, made out by Mr Ainslie, land-surveyor, whereby it appears that this lot contains 2704 acres.

The mansion-house and offices of Kinnordy are lately built and erected upon a very extensive plan, elegantly finished and in a complete state of repair. The garden was, within these few years, made out at a great expence, having a large hot-house and hot walls, well stocked with fruit-trees of the best kinds, producing a great quantity of fruit.

In this lot is also included the Loch of Kinnordy, which contains marle of an excellent quality, supposed to be inexhaustible, and for which there is a constant demand.

The proprietor has an heritable right to the teinds, which are valued, and the minister obtained an augmentation last winter session. The church and manse are new and substantial, and in a complete state of repair.—L. 10,000 Sterling of the price of this lot must remain with the purchaser, at the legal rate of interest, in order to answer a liferent annuity.—A freehold qualification in the county, if required, will be given along with this Lot, at an adequate price.

LOT II.—The Lands and Estate of INVERCARITY, so far as delineated on Mr Ainslie's plan, by which they contain 1161 acres, with the ancient Castle and Garden of Invercarity, delightfully situated upon the banks of the Waters of Esk, Prozan, and Carty, and where they all conjoin. The beautiful and very romantic situation of this place is too well known to require any description, and upon which there are very extensive woods and plantations, all in the most thriving condition, and of great value. The farms of Wester Shielhill, Quiech, Auchnagray, Turfachie, and Cossacks, are also included in this lot, and the state of the teinds, &c. is the same as Lot I. excepting such of the last mentioned farms as are situated in the parish of Tannadice, the teinds of which are exhausted by payment of ministers stipend.

Plans and measurements of these estates, by Mr Ainslie, with the title-deeds, tacks, and rentals thereof, are to be seen in the hands of Mr Proctor, at Glammis Castle, or Thomas Duncan, writer in Edinburgh, who have power to treat by private bargain, before the day of sale.

SALE OF MILLS AND HOUSES.

To be SOLD by auction, under the authority of the Court of Session, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 16th January 1799, at one o'clock afternoon,

The following SUBJECTS in Lots:

I. THE LANDS of BONNYHAUGH, with the Mansion-House, Office-Houses, Bleachfield, and Gardens there, to belonging: As also, the MILLS of BONNINGTON with the Kiln, Lofts, Granaries, &c. as formerly advertised, at the upset price of 5276l. 11s. 8d. If the Mills shall not be Sold they will be Let: The Entry to commence at Whitsunday 1799.

II. The DWELLING HOUSE, Work-House, Offices, Shades, Waste Ground, &c. situated in Bailie Fife's Close, Edinburgh, occupied by Mr William Coulter, and by Messrs. Ferrier and Dallas; with the other Houses in the said close, occupied by J. and W. White, painters, Alexander M'Donald, and John M'Craw. These subjects are insured in the Friendly Insurance Office, on the old plan, at a valuation of 1500 l. Scots. They are rented at 47 l. and will be exposed at 637 l. Sterling, with the benefit of the insurance.

III. The SECOND FLAT above the pavement of the Tenement, No. 13, in Prince's Street, consisting of four rooms, kitchen, cellars, &c. possessed by Miss Dundas: The THIRD FLAT of the said Tenement, consisting of six rooms, kitchen, cellars, &c. possessed by Mrs Crawford: and the GARRET FLAT, consisting of three rooms and a closet, possed by Donald M'Donald.

These subjects enter from South St Andrew's Street, by Meuse Lane, are rented at 57l. and are to be exposed at 695l. Sterling.

IV. That LODGING, being the second flat from the street, on the south side of George's Square, consisting of five rooms, and a kitchen, with two cellars, back ground, and pump well, rented at 38l. and occupied by Mr Achibald Dunbar, W. S. to be exposed at 450l. Sterling.

V. That LODGING, being the second flat above the sunk storey, of the tenement built upon the lands called Wind Mill Acres, immediately to the south of the Chapel of Ease, consisting of five rooms, a kitchen and cellar, with the privilege of back ground, and a pump well, as occupied by Miss Clarks, at the rent of 20l.—To be exposed at 250l. Sterling.

VI. That TENEMENT, called ST JOHN'S CHAPEL, on the north side of the High Street of Canongate, near the Water-Gate, as presently possessed by Mrs Street, George Pringle, Charles Boyd, Jean Bell, Mr Boyet, Mrs Alexander, Mr Sose, Mrs Lacay, and William Grant, rented at 41l. 10s.—and to be exposed at 517l. Sterling.

The titles of the subjects, and conditions of sale, with the judicial rental, and value in 1793, and the present rental, will be shown by Charles Brenner, W. S. who will give any further information which may be required.

To be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse Edinburgh, on Friday 8th Febeuary, 1799, at two o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS of BRIDGETON, lying in the parish of Cameron, and shirriffdom of Fife, consisting of 88 acres of arable land, Scotch measure, mostly inclosed with stone dykes; has a commodious House for a summer residence, as also a Farm Steading, &c.

As the tack was bought up, the ground is noways wore out, it is all in grass at present, fit for breaking up, and may be entered to immediately.

There is a fine Plantation of Fir and Ash trees, all about 30 years old, growing in a beautiful den near the house, and round the inclosures—there is likewise two free-stone Quarries on this farm, and fine springs and running waters.

Bridgeton is about four miles from St Andrews, and four from Anstruther, is very near coal and lime.

Proposals to be given in to James Greig, writer in Edinburgh, who has powers to treat by private bargain, with whom also the title-deeds, plan, and measurement, are lodged.

LANDS,

IN THE COUNTIES OF STIRLING & PERTH.

To be SOLD, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 16th January curt. at two o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS of LOSS, lying in the parish of Logie, and county of Stirling.

These lands hold of the Crown, lie within three miles of the town of Stirling, and contain 135 acres of arable land, and 76 of pasture. The present rent is only 65l. but the tack expires in three years, when a great rise will be got. There is a large quantity of valuable full-grown Wood of different kinds on the lands—and, if agreeable to the purchaser, about 600l. of the price may remain for some time in his hands.

ALSO,

The LANDS of GLENTARFF, in the parish of Strowan, and county of Perth.

These lands likewise hold of the crown, they lie about three miles from Crieff, and contain 123 acres of arable land, and 148 of hill pasture. The present rent is only 75l. but the tack expires in three years, when a considerable rise will be got.

For particulars enquire at William Glas, merchant in Stirling, or John Moir, jun. writer to the signet, Edinburgh.

SALE OF LANDS

In the Shire of Dumfries, and Stewartry of Kircudbright.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the King's Arms Tavern, in Dumfries, upon Thursday the 28th day of March next, between the hours of 11 and 12 at noon,

THE FOLLOWING LANDS, viz.

THE LANDS and BARONY of DUNCOW, and LANDS of NEWLANDS, lying in the parish of Kirkmahoe and shire of Dumfries, consisting of the Farms after mentioned, and containing 1735 acres Scots Statute Measure, or thereby, now rented at 787l. 7s. Sterling. The Barony of Duncow stands valued at 650 merks, holding of the Crown; and the Farm of Newlands, which is valued at 75 merks, holds of a subject superior for payment of a trifling feu duty. The proprietor has right to the teinds, which were valued in the year 1753. They pay of stipend to the Minister yearly 10l. 12s. 8d. in money, 180 stone of meal, and 60 Nithsdale pecks of bear.

The Barony is situated along the east banks of the river Nith, within five miles of the Town of Dumfries, and the high road from Dumfries to Thornhill runs through it. This estate is highly improveable, and the beauty of the situation is remarkable, which renders it a very desirable purchase to any gentleman wishing to build a house for his residence. There is both some Young Planting and Old Timber on the premisses, and there are several Free Stone Quarries on the Estate, of excellent quality; and it is only five miles distant from Closeburn Lime Kilns.

If not sold in one Lot, the same will be immediately thereafter exposed in the following Lots, viz.—

LOT I.—The Farm of KERRICKS, as possessed by John Smith, by tack current to Whitsunday 1812, containing about 87 acres, at a rent of 100l.

II.—QUARRELWOOD, as possessed by John Waltree, John Rodden, ——— Curtis, and John Crombie, on tacks current to Whitsunday 1810, at a rent of 61l. 6s.——besides some cot-houses and yards not rentalled, containing 108 acres, 1 rood, or thereby.

III.—NEWLANDS and DUNCOWMUIR, possessed by William Dinwoodie, on a lease current to Whitsunday 1802, at the rent of 76l. containing about 97 acres of arable land, and about 691 acres of muir pasture. This farm, when the present tack expires, will set for a great additional rent.

IV.—The West Division of DUNCOW and MILN, now possessed by Robert Robson, on a tack current to Whitsunday 1810, at a rent of 150l. and containing 143 acres, 1 rood, or thereby, besides cot-houses and yards.

V.—South Division of DUNCOW, as possessed by J. Corrie per tack current to Whitsunday 1810, at a rent of 100l. containing about 108 acres of land.

VI.—North Division of DUNCOW, as possessed by William Rodden per tack current to Whitsunday 1810, at a rent of 5l. 1s. containing about 121 acres of land, with some cot-houses and yards.

VII.—East Division of ditto, called BROOMDYKES, as possessed by John Corrie and John Smith, per tack current to Whitsunday 1810, at a rent of 85l. containing about 199 acres 2 roods of land, or thereby.

VIII.—Four Small Divisions of DUNCOW, as possessed by James M'Cron, John Dinwoodie, Joseph M'Nae, and Alexander Robson, at a rent of 30l. 3s. by tacks current to Whitsunday, 1800, containing about 33 acres 2 roods.

IX.—Six Acres 2 Roods of Land, or thereby, in DUNCOW, as possessed by James Black, per tack current to Whitsunday 1812, at a rent of 10l.

X.—SANDBED, possessed by James Smith, per tack current to Whitsunday 1812, at a rent of 18l. containing about 26 acres.

XI.—NETHERHOLM, as possessed by James Taylor, per tack current to Whitsunday 1812, at 105l. 7s. 7d. of rent, containing about 91 acres 1 rood.

These whole farms are inclosed with sufficient dykes, and there are several division fences. The landlord pays all the public burdens; and if the lands are sold in lots, the public burdens will be proportioned among them.

Also, to be Sold at the same time, the Farms after mentioned, lying in the Stewartry of Kirkcudbright, in the following lots—viz.

XII.—The Lands of CRAIGLEY, in the parish of Orr, as possessed by Robert Smith, on a lease current to Whitsunday 1807, at a rent of 60l. containing about 138 acres, valuation 70l. Scots, and ministers stipend about 17s.

XIII.—LITTLE BARFILL, in the parish of Orr, as possessed in two farms, one part by John Little, per lease current to Whitsundry 1810 at a rent of 33l. 10s. and the other part by James Little, per tack current to Whitsunday 1799, at a rent of 37l. 10s. containing in whole 280 acres or thereby, valued at 45l. Scots, and paying about 17s. of ministers stipend.

XIV.—BETTYKNOWS, in the parish of Lochratton, as possessed by James Clark, per tack current to Whitsunday 1810, at a rent of 50l. and containing 173 acres, 2 roods, or thereby, valuation 80l. Scots.

XV.—MICKLE BARFILL, in the parish of Lochratton, as possessed by William Scott, per tack, current to Whitsunday 1810, at a rent of 68l. containing about 221 acres, valuation 80l. Scots.

XVI.—DEANSTOWN, in Lochratton, as possessed by Jas. Johnston, per tack current to Whitsunday 1810, at a rent of 44l. containing 140 acres or thereby, valuation 42l. Scots.

N. B. This farm contains a very valuable marle pit.

XVII.—BRAE or NETHER BARFILL, in Lochratton, as possessed by John and William Hyslop, per tack, current to Whitsunday 1810, at a rent of 51l. containing 189 acres, 2 roods, or thereby, valuation 80l. Scots.

The stipends payable to the Minister of Lochratton out of these lands, and the other lands in that parish, retained by the proprietor, will be proportioned among them.

XVIII.—The ISLAND of HESTON, in the Bay of Archencairn, possessed by Mr Cairns of Torrs, at the rent of 5l. 10s. There is no lease on this lot, and it pays neither teind nor supply.

The lands in the steuartry of Kirkcudbright hold of the Crown; the teinds belong to the Proprietor, and were valued in the year 1753. The purchasers are to enter to the possession of the whole premisses at Whitsunday 1799, and the prices are to be paid at Lammas and Martinmas thereafter.

The title deeds and articles of roup are to be seen in the hands of John Gordon, writer to the signet, North Frederick Street, Edinburgh. Plans of the lands may be seen in the hands of George Maxwell of Carruchan, to whom or to John Maxwell Esq. of Terraughty, any person wanting further information or wishing to make a private bargain, may apply—and the tenants of the different farms will shew the lands.